Linux Standard Base Printing Specification 3.2
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Foreword

This is version 3.2 of the LSB-Printing Module Specification.

An implementation of this version of the specification may not claim to be an implementation of LSB-Printing Module unless it has successfully completed the compliance process as defined by the Linux Foundation.
Introduction

The LSB-Printing Module defines the multimedia components that are required to be present on a conforming system.

This document should be used in conjunction with the documents it references. Information referenced in this way is as much a part of this document as is the information explicitly included here.
I Introductory Elements
1 Scope

The LSB-Printing module defines the multimedia components found on an LSB conforming system.
2 Normative References

The specifications listed below are referenced in whole or in part by the LSB-Printing Module Standard. Such references may be normative or informative; a reference to specification shall only be considered normative if it is explicitly cited as such. The LSB-Printing Module may make normative references to a portion of these specifications (that is, to define a specific function or group of functions); in such cases, only the explicitly referenced portion of the specification is to be considered normative.

Table 2-1 Normative References

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>URL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
3 Requirements

3.1 Relevant Libraries

The libraries listed in Table 3-1 shall be available on a Linux Standard Base system, with the specified runtime names. This list may be supplemented or amended by the architecture-specific specification.

Table 3-1 Standard Library Names

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library</th>
<th>Runtime Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>libcups</td>
<td>libcups.so.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>libcupsimage</td>
<td>libcupsimage.so.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These libraries will be in an implementation-defined directory which the dynamic linker shall search by default.
4 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following definitions, as specified in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 2001, 4th Edition, apply:

- **can**: be able to; there is a possibility of; it is possible to
- **cannot**: be unable to; there is no possibility of; it is not possible to
- **may**: is permitted; is allowed; is permissible
- **need not**: it is not required that; no...is required
- **shall**: is to; is required to; it is required that; has to; only...is permitted; it is necessary
- **shall not**: is not allowed [permitted] [acceptable] [permissible]; is required to be not; is required that...be not; is not to be
- **should**: it is recommended that; ought to
- **should not**: it is not recommended that; ought not to
5 Terminology

For the purposes of this document, the following terms apply:

implementation-defined

Describes a value or behavior that is not defined by this document but is selected by an implementor. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence of the value or behavior. An application that relies on such a value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations. The implementor shall document such a value or behavior so that it can be used correctly by an application.

Shell Script

A file that is read by an interpreter (e.g., awk). The first line of the shell script includes a reference to its interpreter binary.

undefined

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not defined by this document which results from use of an invalid program construct or invalid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.

unspecified

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not specified by this document which results from use of a valid program construct or valid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.
6 PPD Format Extensions

The Postscript Printer Description (PPD) format is used in a text file to describe device capabilities for a printing device. PPD files shall conform to the format described by PPD Specification and PPD Specification Update. In addition, several extensions to the standard attribute list are recognized, as listed below. The "cupsVersion" attribute is required in a compliant PPD, while the other attributes are optional.

**cupsColorProfile**

This string attribute specifies an sRGB-based color profile consisting of gamma and density controls and a 3x3 CMY color transform matrix.

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

```
cupsColorProfile Resolution/MediaType: "density gamma m00 m01 m02
m10 m11 m12 m20 m21 m22"
```

The Resolution and MediaType values may be "." to act as a wildcard. Otherwise, they must match one of the Resolution or MediaType attributes defined in the PPD file.

The density and gamma values define the gamma and density adjustment function such that (in terms of C math):

\[ f(x) = \text{density} \times \text{pow}(x, \text{gamma}) \]

The m00 through m22 values define a 3x3 transformation matrix for the CMY color values. The density function is applied after the CMY transformation:

\[
\begin{array}{ccc}
m00 & m01 & m02 \\
m10 & m11 & m12 \\
m20 & m21 & m22 \\
\end{array}
\]

**cupsFax**

This boolean attribute specifies whether the PPD defines a facsimile device. The default is false.

**cupsFilter**

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

```
cupsFilter: "source/type cost program"
```

This string attribute provides a conversion rule from the given source type to the printer's native format using the filter "program". A source type is specified according to the conventions of the MIME specification, using "type/subtype" nomenclature, and may refer to a standard MIME type or a CUPS-specific MIME type using the prefix "vnd.cups-" in the subtype. If a printer supports the source type directly, the special filter program "-" may be specified. The cost is an arbitrary positive integer, used to calculate the relative impact a print job has on system load.

**cupsManualCopies**

This boolean attribute notifies the RIP filters that the destination printer does not support copy generation in hardware. The default value is false.
cupsModelNumber

This integer attribute specifies a printer-specific model number. This number can be used by a filter program to adjust the output for a specific model of printer.

cupsVersion

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*cupsVersion: "major.minor"

This required attribute describes which version of the CUPS PPD file extensions was used. Currently it must be the string "1.0" or "1.1". The strings "1.2" and "1.3" represent newer versions of the CUPS PPD API that are not covered in this version of the specification, and are currently not allowed, although they may be found in non-conforming PPDs which use a newer version of the CUPS PPD specification.

FoomaticIDs

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticIDs printer driver

The parameters correspond to the IDs in the Foomatic database for the printer and driver, respectively.

FoomaticNoPageAccounting

This boolean attribute tells foomatic-rip whether or not to insert accounting information into the PostScript data stream. By default, foomatic-rip will insert this information.

FoomaticRIPCommandLine

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPCommandLine "code"

This attribute defines the command line in the "code" parameter for the renderer that is called by foomatic-rip. The command must take PostScript on standard input and provide the job data stream in the printer's native language on standard output. The command must exit with status 0 if the conversion was successful and exit with another status if an error occurs. The "code" parameter may contain option setting wildcards, as described below under "FoomaticRIPOption".

FoomaticRIPDefault

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPDefaultOptionName value

This attribute sets a default for a Foomatic option. The name of the attribute should contain the name of the option appended to "FoomaticRIPDefault", with the desired default value as the only parameter.

This option is only used to provide numeric options in the PPD, which are not supported by the Adobe spec, via enumerated options, and should not be used except for that purpose.

FoomaticRIPOption

The attribute has the following parameter usage:
*FoomaticRIPOption name: type style spot [order]*

This attribute sets options for the command line specified in the "FoomaticRIPCommandLine" attribute. The "name" parameter specifies the option name, the "type" parameter specifies the option type, the "style" parameter specifies one of "CmdLine", "JCL", "PS", or "Composite", and the "spot" parameter specifies a letter, which is prepended with a "%" and used in the "FoomaticRIPCommandLine" attribute to indicate where the option should go in the command line. The optional "order" parameter indicates an order number for one-choice options.

FoomaticRIPOptionAllowedChars

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPOptionAllowedChars name: "code"*

This option sets a list of allowed characters in a string option. The "name" parameter identifies the option, while the "code" parameter is a list of allowed characters.

FoomaticRIPOptionAllowedRegExp

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPOptionAllowedRegExp name: "code"*

This option causes the option named by "name" to be validated by the Perl-style regular expression in "code".

FoomaticRIPOptionMaxLength

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPOptionMaxLength name: length*

For string or password options, this attribute sets a maximum length which can be returned. The "name" parameter identifies the option, and the "length" parameter is the maximum number of characters allowed.

FoomaticRIPOptionPrototype

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPOptionPrototype name: "code"*

For string, password, or simulated numeric options, this attribute sets a code prototype to be inserted into the output. This works for options where the FoomaticRIPOption "style" parameter is set to CmdLine, JCL, or PS. The value of the option can be represented with the string "%s" in the "code" parameter.

FoomaticRIPOptionRange

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPOptionRange name: min max*

This attribute adds a minimum and maximum limit to numeric options (that are simulated by Foomatic via enumerated options). The "name" parameter identifies the option, while the "min" and "max" parameters set the minimum and maximum allowed values, respectively, for the option.

FoomaticRIPOptionSetting

The attribute has the following parameter usage:
*FoomaticRIPOptionSetting name=choice: "code"

This attribute adds code to an option, identified by "name", with a FoomaticRIPOption "style" parameter set to Composite. It inserts options for other options that are members of the Composite option "name".

FoomaticRIPPostPipe

The attribute has the following parameter usage:

*FoomaticRIPPostPipe "code"

This attribute defines the command line in the "code" parameter for the job output command used by foomatic-rip in standalone mode. The command should take printer-native data on standard input. The "code" parameter should include the preceding shell pipe symbol (" |").
II LSB Printing Libraries
7 Libraries

7.1 Interfaces for libcups

Table 7-1 defines the library name and shared object name for the libcups library.

Table 7-1 libcups Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library</th>
<th>libcups</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SONAME</td>
<td>libcups.so.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

[LSB] This Specification

7.1.1 CUPS Convenience ABI

7.1.1.1 Interfaces for CUPS Convenience ABI

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the generic functions for CUPS Convenience ABI specified in Table 7-2, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 7-2 libcups - CUPS Convenience ABI Function Interfaces

|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libcups. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content. Where an interface is defined as requiring a particular system header file all of the data definitions for that system header file presented here shall be in effect.

This section gives data definitions to promote binary application portability, not to repeat source interface definitions available elsewhere. System providers and application developers should use this ABI to supplement - not to replace - source interface definition specifications.

This specification uses the ISO C (1999) C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

### 7.2.1 cups/cups.h

```c
#define _CUPS_CUPS_H_
#define CUPS_VERSION_MAJOR      1
#define CUPS_VERSION_MINOR      1
#define CUPS_VERSION_PATCH      23
#define cupsLangDefault()       cupsLangGet(NULL)

typedef enum {
    CUPS_AUTO_ENCODING = -1,
    CUPS_US_ASCII = 0,
    CUPS_ISO8859_1 = 1,
    CUPS_ISO8859_2 = 2,
    CUPS_ISO8859_3 = 3,
    CUPS_ISO8859_4 = 4,
    CUPS_ISO8859_5 = 5,
    CUPS_ISO8859_6 = 6,
    CUPS_ISO8859_7 = 7,
    CUPS_ISO8859_8 = 8,
    CUPS_ISO8859_9 = 9,
    CUPS_ISO8859_10 = 10,
    CUPS_UTF8 = 11,
    CUPS_ISO8859_13 = 12,
    CUPS_ISO8859_14 = 13,
    CUPS_ISO8859_15 = 14,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_874 = 15,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1250 = 16,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1251 = 17,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1252 = 18,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1253 = 19,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1254 = 20,
```
7 Libraries

#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>

typedef struct cups_lang_str {
    struct cups_lang_str *next;
    int used;
    cups_encoding_t encoding;
    char *language;
    char *messages[506];
} cups_lang_t;

typedef enum {
    HTTP_ENCRYPT_IF_REQUESTED = 0,
    HTTP_ENCRYPT_NEVER = 1,
    HTTP_ENCRYPT_REQUIRED = 2,
    HTTP_ENCRYPT_ALWAYS = 3
} http_encryption_t;

typedef struct {
    char *name;
    char *value;
} cups_option_t;

typedef struct {
    char *name;
    char *instance;
    int is_default;
    int num_options;
    cups_option_t *options;
} cups_option_t;

typedef enum {
    HTTP_WAITING = 0,
    HTTP_OPTIONS = 1,
    HTTP_GET = 2,
    HTTP_GET_SEND = 3,
    HTTP_HEAD = 4,
    HTTP_POST = 5,
    HTTP_POST_RECV = 6,
    HTTP_POST_SEND = 7,
    HTTP_PUT = 8,
    HTTP_PUT_RECV = 9,
    HTTP_DELETE = 10,
    HTTP_TRACE = 11,
    HTTP_CLOSE = 12,
    HTTP_STATUS = 13
} http_state_t;

typedef enum {
    HTTP_ERROR = -1,
    HTTP_CONTINUE = 100,
    HTTP_SWITCHING_PROTOCOLS = 101,
    HTTP_OK = 200,
    HTTP_CREATED = 201,
    HTTP_ACCEPTED = 202,
    HTTP_NOT_AUTHORITATIVE = 203,
    HTTP_NO_CONTENT = 204,
    HTTP_RESET_CONTENT = 205,
    HTTP_PARTIAL_CONTENT = 206,
    HTTP_MULTIPLE_CHOICES = 300,
    HTTP_MOVED_PERMANENTLY = 301,
    HTTP_MOVED_TEMPORARILY = 302,
    HTTP_SEE_OTHER = 303,
    HTTP_NOT_MODIFIED = 304,
    HTTP_USE_PROXY = 305,
    HTTP_BAD_REQUEST = 400,
    HTTP_UNAUTHORIZED = 401,

    CUPS_WINDOWS_1255 = 21,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1256 = 22,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1257 = 23,
    CUPS_WINDOWS_1258 = 24,
    CUPS_KOI8_R = 25,
    CUPS_KOI8_U = 26
} cups_encoding_t;
HTTP PAYMENT_REQUIRED = 402,
HTTP_FORBIDDEN = 403,
HTTP_NOT_FOUND = 404,
HTTP_METHOD_NOT_ALLOWED = 405,
HTTP_NOT_ACCEPTABLE = 406,
HTTP_PROXY_AUTHENTICATION = 407,
HTTP_REQUEST_TIMEOUT = 408,
HTTP_CONFLICT = 409,
HTTP_GONE = 410,
HTTP_LENGTH_REQUIRED = 411,
HTTP_PRECONDITION = 412,
HTTP_REQUEST_TOO_LARGE = 413,
HTTP_URI_TOO_LONG = 414,
HTTP_UNSUPPORTED_MEDIATYPE = 415,
HTTP_UPGRADE_REQUIRED = 426,
HTTP_SERVER_ERROR = 500,
HTTP_NOT_IMPLEMENTED = 501,
HTTP_BAD_GATEWAY = 502,
HTTP_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE = 503,
HTTP_GATEWAY_TIMEOUT = 504,
HTTP_NOT_SUPPORTED = 505
} http_status_t;
typedef enum {
    HTTP_0_9 = 9,
    HTTP_1_0 = 100,
    HTTP_1_1 = 101
} http_version_t;
typedef enum {
    HTTP_KEEPALIVE_OFF = 0,
    HTTP_KEEPALIVE_ON = 1
} http_keepalive_t;
typedef enum {
    HTTP_ENCODE_LENGTH = 0,
    HTTP_ENCODE_CHUNKED = 1
} http_encoding_t;
typedef unsigned int md5_word_t;
typedef unsigned char md5_byte_t;
typedef struct md5_state_s {
    md5_word_t count[2];
    md5_word_t abcd[4];
    md5_byte_t buf[64];
} md5_state_t;
typedef enum {
    IPP_JOB_PENDING = 3,
    IPP_JOB_HELD = 4,
    IPP_JOB_PROCESSING = 5,
    IPP_JOB_STOPPED = 6,
    IPP_JOB_CANCELLED = 7,
    IPP_JOB_ABORTED = 8,
    IPP_JOB_COMPLETED = 9
} ipp_jstate_t;
typedef struct {
    int id;
    char *dest;
    char *title;
    char *user;
    char *format;
    ipp_jstate_t state;
    int size;
    int priority;
    time_t completed_time;
    time_t creation_time;
    time_t processing_time;
} cups_job_t;
typedef enum {
    IPP_OK = 0,

IPP_OK_SUBST = 1,
IPP_OK_CONFLICT = 2,
IPP_OK_IGNORED_SUBSCRIPTIONS = 3,
IPP_OK_IGNORED_NOTIFICATIONS = 4,
IPP_OK_TOO_MANY_EVENTS = 5,
IPP_OK_BUT_CANCEL_SUBSCRIPTION = 6,
IPP_REDIRECTION_OTHER_SITE = 768,
IPP_BAD_REQUEST = 1024,
IPP_FORBIDDEN = 1025,
IPP_NOT_AUTHENTICATED = 1026,
IPP_NOT_AUTHORIZED = 1027,
IPP_NOT_POSSIBLE = 1028,
IPP_TIMEOUT = 1029,
IPP_NOT_FOUND = 1030,
IPP_GONE = 1031,
IPP_REQUEST_ENTITY = 1032,
IPP_REQUEST_VALUE = 1033,
IPP_DOCUMENT_FORMAT = 1034,
IPP_ATTRIBUTES = 1035,
IPP_URI_SCHEME = 1036,
IPP_CHARSET = 1037,
IPP_CONFLICT = 1038,
IPP_COMPRESSION_NOT_SUPPORTED = 1039,
IPP_COMPRESSION_ERROR = 1040,
IPP_DOCUMENT_FORMAT_ERROR = 1041,
IPP_DOCUMENT_ACCESS_ERROR = 1042,
IPP_ATTRIBUTES_NOT_SETTABLE = 1043,
IPP_IGNORED_ALL_SUBSCRIPTIONS = 1044,
IPP_TOO_MANY_SUBSCRIPTIONS = 1045,
IPP_IGNORED_ALL_NOTIFICATIONS = 1046,
IPP_PRINT_SUPPORT_FILE_NOT_FOUND = 1047,
IPP_INTERNAL_ERROR = 1280,
IPP_OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED = 1281,
IPP_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE = 1282,
IPP_VERSION_NOT_SUPPORTED = 1283,
IPP_DEVICE_ERROR = 1284,
IPP_TEMPORARY_ERROR = 1285,
IPP_NOT_ACCEPTING = 1286,
IPP_PRINTER_BUSY = 1287,
IPP_ERROR_JOB_CANCELLED = 1288,
IPP_MULTIPLE_JOBS_NOT_SUPPORTED = 1289,
IPP_PRINTER_IS_DEACTIVATED = 1290
} ipp_status_t;

typedef struct {
  int fd;
  int blocking;
  int error;
  time_t activity;
  http_state_t state;
  http_status_t status;
  http_version_t version;
  http_keepalive_t keep_alive;
  struct sockaddr_in hostaddr;
  char hostname[256];
  char fields[27][256];
  char *data;
  http_encoding_t data_encoding;
  int data_remaining;
  int used;
  char buffer[2048];
  int auth_type;
  md5_state_t md5_state;
  char nonce[256];
  int nonce_count;
  void *tls;

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7.2.2 cups/ppd.h

```c
#define _CUPS_PPD_H_
#define PPD_MAX_LINE 256
#define PPD_VERSION 4.3
#define PPD_MAX_NAME 41
#define PPD_MAX_TEXT 81

typedef enum {
    PPD_CS_CMYK = -4,
    PPD_CS_CMY = -3,
    PPD_CS_GRAY = 1,
    PPD_CS_RGB = 3,
    PPD_CS_RGBK = 4,
} cups_cs_t;
```

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typedef struct {
    char name[41];
    char *start;
    char *stop;
} ppd_emul_t;

typedef enum {
    PPD_UI_BOOLEAN = 0,
    PPD_UI_PICKONE = 1,
    PPD_UI_PICKMANY = 2
} ppd_ui_t;

typedef enum {
    PPD_ORDER_ANY = 0,
    PPD_ORDER_DOCUMENT = 1,
    PPD_ORDER_EXIT = 2,
    PPD_ORDER_JCL = 3,
    PPD_ORDER_PAGE = 4,
    PPD_ORDER_PROLOG = 5
} ppd_section_t;

typedef struct {
    char marked;
    char choice[41];
    char text[81];
    char *code;
    void *option;
} ppd_choice_t;

typedef struct {
    char conflicted;
    char keyword[41];
    char defchoice[41];
    char text[81];
    ppd_ui_t ui;
    ppd_section_t section;
    float order;
    int num_choices;
    ppd_choice_t *choices;
} ppd_option_t;

typedef struct ppd_group_str {
    char text[40];
    char name[41];
    int num_options;
    ppd_option_t *options;
    int num_subgroups;
    struct ppd_group_str *subgroups;
} ppd_group_t;

typedef struct {
    int marked;
    char name[41];
    float width;
    float length;
    float left;
    float bottom;
    float right;
    float top;
} ppd_size_t;

typedef struct {
    char option1[41];
    char choice1[41];
    char option2[41];
    char choice2[41];
} ppd_const_t;

typedef struct {
    char resolution[41];
    char media_type[41];
    float density;
}
float gamma;
float matrix[3][3];
)
typedef struct {
    char name[41];
    char spec[41];
    char text[81];
    char *value;
} ppd_attr_t;
typedef struct {
    int language_level;
    int color_device;
    int variable_sizes;
    int accurate_screens;
    int contone_only;
    int landscape;
    int model_number;
    int manualCopies;
    int throughput;
    ppd_cs_t colorspace;
    char *patches;
    int num_emulations;
    ppd_emul_t *emulations;
    char *jcl_begin;
    char *jcl_ps;
    char *jcl_end;
    char *lang_encoding;
    char *lang_version;
    char *modelname;
    char *tttrasterizer;
    char *manufacturer;
    char *product;
    char *nickname;
    char *shortnickname;
    int num_groups;
    ppd_group_t *groups;
    int num_sizes;
    ppd_size_t *sizes;
    float custom_min[2];
    float custom_max[2];
    float custom_margins[4];
    int num_consts;
    ppd_const_t *consts;
    int num_fonts;
    char **fonts;
    int num_profiles;
    ppd_profile_t *profiles;
    int num_filters;
    char **filters;
    int flip_duplex;
    char *protocols;
    char *ppfilename;
    int num_attrs;
    int cur_attr;
    ppd_attr_t **attrs;
} ppd_file_t;
typedef enum {
    PPD_OK = 0,
    PPD_FILE_OPEN_ERROR = 1,
    PPD_NULL_FILE = 2,
    PPD_ALLOC_ERROR = 3,
    PPD_MISSING_PPDADOBE4 = 4,
    PPD_MISSING_VALUE = 5,
    PPD_INTERNAL_ERROR = 6,
    PPD_BAD_OPEN_GROUP = 7,
    PPD_NESTED_OPEN_GROUP = 8,
}
7.3 Interface Definitions for libcups

The interfaces defined on the following pages are included in libcups and are defined by this specification. Unless otherwise noted, these interfaces shall be included in the source standard.

Other interfaces listed in Section 7.1 shall behave as described in the referenced base document.
cupsAddDest

Name

cupsAddDest — Add a destination to the list of destinations.

Synopsis

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsAddDest(const char * name, const char * instance, int num_dests, cups_dest_t ** dests);
```

Description

Add a destination to the list of destinations.

This function cannot be used to add a new class or printer queue, it only adds a new container of saved options for the named destination or instance.

If the named destination already exists, the destination list is returned unchanged. Adding a new instance of a destination creates a copy of that destination's options.

Use the cupsSaveDest() function to save the updated list of destinations to the user's lpoptions file.

Return Value

New number of destinations

cupsAddOption

Name

CupsAddOption — Add an option to an option array.

Synopsis

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsAddOption(const char * name, const char * value, int num_options, cups_option_t ** options);
```

Description

Add an option to an option array.

Return Value

Number of options
cupsCancelJob

Name
cupsCancelJob — Cancel a print job on the default server.

Synopsis

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsCancelJob(const char * name, int job);
```

Description

Cancel a print job on the default server.

Use the cupsLastError() and cupsLastErrorString() functions to get the cause of any failure.

Return Value

1 on success, 0 on failure

cupsEncryption

Name

cupsEncryption — Get the default encryption settings.

Synopsis

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
http_encryption_t cupsEncryption(void);
```

Description

Get the default encryption settings.

The default encryption setting comes from the CUPS_ENCRYPTION environment variable, then the ~/.cupsrc file, and finally the /etc/cups/client.conf file. If not set, the default is HTTP_ENCRYPT_IF_REQUESTED.

Return Value

Encryption settings
cupsFreeDests

Name
cupsFreeDests — Free the memory used by the list of destinations.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsFreeDests(int num_dests, cups_dest_t * dests);

Description
Free the memory used by the list of destinations.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

cupsFreeJobs

Name
cupsFreeJobs — Free memory used by job data.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsFreeJobs(int num_jobs, cups_job_t * jobs);

Description
Free memory used by job data.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

cupsFreeOptions

Name
cupsFreeOptions — Free all memory used by options.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsFreeOptions(int num_options, cups_option_t * options);

Description
Free all memory used by options.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.
cupsGetDefault

Name
cupsGetDefault — Get the default printer or class for the default server.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * cupsGetDefault(void);

Description
Get the default printer or class for the default server.

This function returns the default printer or class as defined by the LPDEST or
PRINTER environment variables. If these environment variables are not set, the
server default destination is returned. Applications should use the
cupsGetDest() and cupsGetDest() functions to get the user-defined default
printer, as this function does not support the lpoptions-defined default printer.

Return Value
Default printer or NULL

cupsGetDest

Name
cupsGetDest — Get the named destination from the list.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
cups_dest_t * cupsGetDest(const char * name, const char * instance,
int num_dests, cups_dest_t * dests);

Description
Get the named destination from the list.

Use the cupsGetDest() or cupsGetDest2() functions to get a list of supported
destinations for the current user.

Return Value
Destination pointer or NULL
cupsGetDest

Name
cupsGetDest - Get the list of destinations from the default server.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsGetDest(cups_dest_t ** dests);

Description
Get the list of destinations from the default server.
Starting with CUPS 1.2, the returned list of destinations include the printer-info, printer-is-accepting-jobs, printer-is-shared, printer-make-and-model, printer-state, printer-state-change-time, printer-state-reasons, and printer-type attributes as options.
Use the cupsFreeDest() function to free the destination list and the cupsGetDest() function to find a particular destination.

Return Value
Number of destinations

cupsGetJobs

Name
cupsGetJobs - Get the jobs from the default server.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsGetJobs(cups_job_t ** jobs, const char * mydest, int myjobs, int completed);

Description
Get the jobs from the default server.

Return Value
Number of jobs
cupsGetOption

Name

cupsGetOption — Get an option value.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * cupsGetOption(const char * name, int num_options,
cups_option_t * options);

Description

Get an option value.

Return Value

Option value or NULL

cupsGetPPD

Name

cupsGetPPD — Get the PPD file for a printer on the default server.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
calc char * cupsGetPPD(const char * name);

Description

Get the PPD file for a printer on the default server.

For classes, cupsGetPPD() returns the PPD file for the first printer in the class.

Return Value

Filename for PPD file

cupsGetPassword

Name

cupsGetPassword — Get a password from the user.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
calc char * cupsGetPassword(const char * prompt);

Description

Get a password from the user.

Uses the current password callback function. Returns NULL if the user does not
provide a password.

Return Value

Password

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cupsLangEncoding

Name
cupsLangEncoding — Return the character encoding (us-ascii, etc.)

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * cupsLangEncoding(cups_lang_t * lang);

Description
Return the character encoding (us-ascii, etc.) for the given language.

Return Value
Character encoding

cupsLangFlush

Name
cupsLangFlush — Flush all language data out of the cache.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsLangFlush(void);

Description
Flush all language data out of the cache.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

cupsLangFree

Name
cupsLangFree — Free language data.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsLangFree(cups_lang_t * lang);

Description
Free language data.
This does not actually free anything; use cupsLangFlush() for that.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.
cupsLangGet

Name
cupsLangGet — Get a language.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
cups_lang_t * cupsLangGet(const char * language);

Description
Get a language.

Return Value
Language data

cupsLastError

Name
cupsLastError — Return the last IPP status code.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ipp_status_t cupsLastError(void);

Description
Return the last IPP status code.

Return Value
IPP status code from last request

cupsMarkOptions

Name
cupsMarkOptions — Mark command-line options in a PPD file.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsMarkOptions(ppd_file_t * ppd, int num_options, cups_option_t * options);

Description
Mark command-line options in a PPD file.

Return Value
1 if conflicting
cupsParseOptions

Name
cupsParseOptions — Parse options from a command-line argument.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsParseOptions(const char * arg, int num_options, cups_option_t ** options);

Description

Parse options from a command-line argument.
This function converts space-delimited name/value pairs according to the PAPI text option ABNF specification. Collection values ("name=a=... b=... c=...") are stored with the curley brackets intact - use cupsParseOptions() on the value to extract the collection attributes.

Return Value

Number of options found

cupsPrintFile

Name
cupsPrintFile — Print a file to a printer or class on the default server.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsPrintFile(const char * name, const char * filename, const char * title, int num_options, cups_option_t * options);

Description

Print a file to a printer or class on the default server.

Return Value

Job ID
**cupsPrintFiles**

**Name**

cupsPrintFiles — Print one or more files to a printer or class on the default server.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsPrintFiles(const char *name, int num_files, const char **files, const char *title, int num_options, cups_option_t *options);
```

**Description**

Print one or more files to a printer or class on the default server.

**Return Value**

Job ID

**cupsServer**

**Name**

cupsServer — Return the hostname/address of the default server.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * cupsServer(void);
```

**Description**

Return the hostname/address of the default server.
The returned value can be a fully-qualified hostname, a numeric IPv4 or IPv6 address, or a domain socket pathname.

**Return Value**

Server name
cupsSetDests

Name
cupsSetDests — Save the list of destinations for the default server.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsSetDests(int num_dests, cups_dest_t * dests);

Description
Save the list of destinations for the default server.
This function saves the destinations to /etc/cups/lpoptions when run as root
and ~/.cups/lpoptions when run as a normal user.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

cupsSetEncryption

Name
cupsSetEncryption — Set the encryption preference.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsSetEncryption(http_encryption_t e);

Description
Set the encryption preference.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

cupsSetPasswordCB

Name
cupsSetPasswordCB — Set the password callback for CUPS.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsSetPasswordCB(cups_password_cb_t cb);

Description
Set the password callback for CUPS.
Pass NULL to restore the default (console) password callback.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.
**cupsSetServer**

**Name**

cupsSetServer — Set the default server name.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsSetServer(const char * server);
```

**Description**

Set the default server name.

The "server" string can be a fully-qualified hostname, a numeric IPv4 or IPv6 address, or a domain socket pathname. Pass NULL to restore the default server name.

**Return Value**

This function does not return a value.

---

**cupsSetUser**

**Name**

cupsSetUser — Set the default user name.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
void cupsSetUser(const char * user);
```

**Description**

Set the default user name.

Pass NULL to restore the default user name.

**Return Value**

This function does not return a value.
cupsTempFd

Name
cupsTempFd — Creates a temporary file.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
int cupsTempFd(char * filename, int len);

Description
Creates a temporary file.
The temporary filename is returned in the filename buffer. The temporary file is
opened for reading and writing.

Return Value
New file descriptor or -1 on error

cupsUser

Name
cupsUser — Return the current user's name.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * cupsUser(void);

Description
Return the current user's name.

Return Value
User name

ppdClose

Name
ppdClose — Free all memory used by the PPD file.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void ppdClose(ppd_file_t * ppd);

Description
Free all memory used by the PPD file.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.
ppdCollect

Name

ppdCollect — Collect all marked options that reside in the specified section.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdCollect(ppd_file_t * ppd, ppd_section_t section, ppd_choice_t *** choices);

Description

Collect all marked options that reside in the specified section.

Return Value

Number of options marked

ppdConflicts

Name

ppdConflicts — Check to see if there are any conflicts.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdConflicts(ppd_file_t * ppd);

Description

Check to see if there are any conflicts.

Return Value

Number of conflicts found

ppdEmit

Name

ppdEmit — Emit code for marked options to a file.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdEmit(ppd_file_t * ppd, FILE * fp, ppd_section_t section);

Description

Emit code for marked options to a file.

Return Value

0 on success, -1 on failure
ppd EmitFd

**Name**
ppd EmitFd — Emit code for marked options to a file.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdEmitFd(ppd_file_t * ppd, int fd, ppd_section_t section);
```

**Description**
Emit code for marked options to a file.

**Return Value**
0 on success, -1 on failure

ppd EmitJCL

**Name**
ppd EmitJCL — Emit code for JCL options to a file.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdEmitJCL(ppd_file_t * ppd, FILE * fp, int job_id, const char * user, const char * title);
```

**Description**
Emit code for JCL options to a file.

**Return Value**
0 on success, -1 on failure

ppd ErrorString

**Name**
ppd ErrorString — Returns the text associated with a status.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
const char * ppdErrorString(ppd_status_t status);
```

**Description**
Returns the text associated with a status.

**Return Value**
Status string
ppdFindAttr

Name
ppdFindAttr — Find the first matching attribute...

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_attr_t * ppdFindAttr(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * name, const char * spec);

Description
Find the first matching attribute...

Return Value
Attribute or NULL if not found

ppdFindChoice

Name
ppdFindChoice — Return a pointer to an option choice.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_choice_t * ppdFindChoice(ppd_option_t * o, const char * choice);

Description
Return a pointer to an option choice.

Return Value
Choice pointer or NULL

ppdFindMarkedChoice

Name
ppdFindMarkedChoice — Return the marked choice for the specified option.

Synopsis

#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_choice_t * ppdFindMarkedChoice(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * option);

Description
Return the marked choice for the specified option.

Return Value
Pointer to choice or NULL
ppdFindNextAttr

Name
ppdFindNextAttr — Find the next matching attribute...

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_attr_t * ppdFindNextAttr(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * name, 
const char * spec);

Description
Find the next matching attribute...

Return Value
Attribute or NULL if not found

ppdFindOption

Name
ppdFindOption — Return a pointer to the specified option.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_option_t * ppdFindOption(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * option);

Description
Return a pointer to the specified option.

Return Value
Pointer to option or NULL

ppdIsMarked

Name
ppdIsMarked — Check to see if an option is marked...

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdIsMarked(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * option, const char * 
choice);

Description
Check to see if an option is marked...

Return Value
Non-zero if option is marked
ppdLastError

**Name**

`ppdLastError` — Return the status from the last `ppdOpen*()`.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_status_t ppdLastError(int * line);
```

**Description**

Return the status from the last `ppdOpen*()`.

**Return Value**

Status code

ppdMarkDefaults

**Name**

`ppdMarkDefaults` — Mark all default options in the PPD file.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
void ppdMarkDefaults(ppd_file_t * ppd);
```

**Description**

Mark all default options in the PPD file.

**Return Value**

This function does not return a value.

ppdMarkOption

**Name**

`ppdMarkOption` — Mark an option in a PPD file.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
int ppdMarkOption(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * option, const char * choice);
```

**Description**

Mark an option in a PPD file.

**Notes:**

-1 is returned if the given option would conflict with any currently selected option.

**Return Value**

Number of conflicts
7 Libraries

ppdOpen

Name
ppdOpen — Read a PPD file into memory.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_file_t * ppdOpen(FILE * fp);

Description
Read a PPD file into memory.

Return Value
PPD file record

ppdOpenFd

Name
ppdOpenFd — Read a PPD file into memory.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_file_t * ppdOpenFd(int fd);

Description
Read a PPD file into memory.

Return Value
PPD file record

ppdOpenFile

Name
ppdOpenFile — Read a PPD file into memory.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_file_t * ppdOpenFile(const char * filename);

Description
Read a PPD file into memory.

Return Value
PPD file record
**ppdPageLength**

**Name**

`ppdPageLength` — Get the page length for the given size.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
float ppdPageLength(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * name);
```

**Description**

Get the page length for the given size.

**Return Value**

Length of page in points or 0.0

**ppdPageSize**

**Name**

`ppdPageSize` — Get the page size record for the given size.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
ppd_size_t * ppdPageSize(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * name);
```

**Description**

Get the page size record for the given size.

**Return Value**

Size record for page or NULL

**ppdPageWidth**

**Name**

`ppdPageWidth` — Get the page width for the given size.

**Synopsis**

```c
#include <cups/cups.h>
float ppdPageWidth(ppd_file_t * ppd, const char * name);
```

**Description**

Get the page width for the given size.

**Return Value**

Width of page in points or 0.0
ppdSetConformance

Name
ppdSetConformance — Set the conformance level for PPD files.

Synopsis
#include <cups/cups.h>
void ppdSetConformance(ppd_conform_t c);

Description
Set the conformance level for PPD files.

Return Value
This function does not return a value.

7.4 Interfaces for libcupsimage

Table 7-3 defines the library name and shared object name for the libcupsimage library

Table 7-3 libcupsimage Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library:</th>
<th>libcupsimage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SONAME:</td>
<td>libcupsimage.so.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

[LSB] This Specification

7.4.1 CUPS Raster ABI

7.4.1.1 Interfaces for CUPS Raster ABI

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the generic functions for CUPS Raster ABI specified in Table 7-4, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 7-4 libcupsimage - CUPS Raster ABI Function Interfaces

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>cupsRasterClose [LSB]</th>
<th>cupsRasterOpen [LSB]</th>
<th>cupsRasterRead Header [LSB]</th>
<th>cupsRasterReadPixels [LSB]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cupsRasterWrite Header [LSB]</td>
<td>cupsRasterWrite Pixels [LSB]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.5 Data Definitions for libcupsimage

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libcupsimage. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content. Where an interface is defined as requiring a particular system header file all of the data definitions for that system header file presented here shall be in effect.
This section gives data definitions to promote binary application portability, not to repeat source interface definitions available elsewhere. System providers and application developers should use this ABI to supplement - not to replace - source interface definition specifications.

This specification uses the ISO C (1999) C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

7.5.1 cups/raster.h

```c
#define _CUPS_RASTER_H_
#define CUPS_RASTER_SYNC 0x52615374
#define CUPS_RASTER_REVSYNC 0x74536152
#define CUPS_RASTER_HAVE_COLORIMETRIC 1

typedef enum {
    CUPS_RASTER_READ = 0,
    CUPS_RASTER_WRITE = 1
} cups_mode_t;

typedef struct {
    unsigned int sync;
    int fd;
    cups_mode_t mode;
} cups_raster_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_ADVANCE_NONE = 0,
    CUPS_ADVANCE_FILE = 1,
    CUPS_ADVANCE_JOB = 2,
    CUPS_ADVANCE_SET = 3,
    CUPS_ADVANCE_PAGE = 4
} cups_adv_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_FALSE = 0,
    CUPS_TRUE = 1
} cups_bool_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_CUT_NONE = 0,
    CUPS_CUT_FILE = 1,
    CUPS_CUT_JOB = 2,
    CUPS_CUT_SET = 3,
    CUPS_CUT_PAGE = 4
} cups_cut_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_JOG_NONE = 0,
    CUPS_JOG_FILE = 1,
    CUPS_JOG_JOB = 2,
    CUPS_JOG_SET = 3
} cups_jog_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_EDGE_TOP = 0,
    CUPS_EDGE_RIGHT = 1,
    CUPS_EDGE_BOTTOM = 2,
    CUPS_EDGE_LEFT = 3
} cups_edge_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_ORIENT_0 = 0,
    CUPS_ORIENT_90 = 1,
    CUPS_ORIENT_180 = 2,
    CUPS_ORIENT_270 = 3
} cups_orient_t;
```
typedef enum {
    CUPS_ORDER_CHUNKED = 0,
    CUPS_ORDER_BANDED = 1,
    CUPS_ORDER_PLANAR = 2
} cups_order_t;

typedef enum {
    CUPS_CSPACE_W = 0,
    CUPS_CSPACE_RGB = 1,
    CUPS_CSPACE_RGBA = 2,
    CUPS_CSPACE_K = 3,
    CUPS_CSPACE_CMY = 4,
    CUPS_CSPACE_YMC = 5,
    CUPS_CSPACE_CMYK = 6,
    CUPS_CSPACE_YMCK = 7,
    CUPS_CSPACE_KCMY = 8,
    CUPS_CSPACE_KCMYcm = 9,
    CUPS_CSPACE_GMCK = 10,
    CUPS_CSPACE_GMCS = 11,
    CUPS_CSPACE_WHITE = 12,
    CUPS_CSPACE_GOLD = 13,
    CUPS_CSPACE_SILVER = 14,
    CUPS_CSPACE_CIEXYZ = 15,
    CUPS_CSPACE_CIELab = 16,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC1 = 32,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC2 = 33,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC3 = 34,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC4 = 35,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC5 = 36,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC6 = 37,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC7 = 38,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC8 = 39,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICC9 = 40,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCA = 41,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCB = 42,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCC = 43,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCD = 44,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCE = 45,
    CUPS_CSPACE_ICCF = 46
} cups_cspace_t;

typedef struct {
    char MediaClass[64];
    char MediaColor[64];
    char MediaType[64];
    char OutputType[64];
    unsigned int AdvanceDistance;
    cups_adv_t AdvanceMedia;
    cups_bool_t Collate;
    cups_cut_t CutMedia;
    cups_bool_t Duplex;
    unsigned int HWResolution[2];
    unsigned int ImagingBoundingBox[4];
    cups_bool_t InsertSheet;
    cups_jog_t Jog;
    cups_edge_t LeadingEdge;
    unsigned int Margins[2];
    cups_bool_t ManualFeed;
    unsigned int MediaPosition;
    unsigned int MediaWeight;
    cups_bool_t MirrorPrint;
    cups_bool_t NegativePrint;
    unsigned int NumCopies;
    cups_orient_t Orientation;
    cups_bool_t OutputFaceUp;
    unsigned int PageSize[2];
    cups_bool_t Separations;
    cups_bool_t TraySwitch;
} cups_print_t;
7.6 Interface Definitions for libcupsimage

The interfaces defined on the following pages are included in libcupsimage and are defined by this specification. Unless otherwise noted, these interfaces shall be included in the source standard.

Other interfaces listed in Section 7.4 shall behave as described in the referenced base document.

cupsRasterClose

**Name**
cupsRasterClose — Close a raster stream.

**Synopsis**
```c
#include <cups/raster.h>
void cupsRasterClose(cups_raster_t * r);
```

**Description**
Close a raster stream.

**Return Value**
This function does not return a value.
cupsRasterOpen

Name
cupsRasterOpen — Open a raster stream.

Synopsis
#include <cups/raster.h>
cups_raster_t * cupsRasterOpen(int fd, cups_mode_t mode);

Description
Open a raster stream.

Return Value
New stream

cupsRasterReadHeader

Name
cupsRasterReadHeader — Read a raster page header and store it in a

Synopsis
#include <cups/raster.h>
unsigned cupsRasterReadHeader(cups_raster_t * r, cups_page_header_t *
* h);

Description
Read a raster page header and store it in a V1 page header structure.

Return Value
1 on success, 0 on fail

cupsRasterReadPixels

Name
cupsRasterReadPixels — Read raster pixels.

Synopsis
#include <cups/raster.h>
unsigned cupsRasterReadPixels(cups_raster_t * r, unsigned char * p,
unsigned len);

Description
Read raster pixels.

Return Value
Number of bytes read
cupsRasterWriteHeader

Name
cupsRasterWriteHeader — Write a raster page header from a V1 page

Synopsis

#include <cups/raster.h>
unsigned cupsRasterWriteHeader(cups_raster_t * r, cups_page_header_t * h);

Description
Write a raster page header from a V1 page header structure.

Return Value
1 on success, 0 on failure

cupsRasterWritePixels

Name
cupsRasterWritePixels — Write raster pixels.

Synopsis

#include <cups/raster.h>
unsigned cupsRasterWritePixels(cups_raster_t * r, unsigned char * p, unsigned len);

Description
Write raster pixels.

Return Value
Number of bytes written
III Printing Commands
8 Printing Commands

8.1 Printing Commands

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the commands and utilities as described in Table 8-1, with at least the behavior described as mandatory in the referenced underlying specification, with the following exceptions:

1. If any operand (except one which follows --) starts with a hyphen, the behavior is unspecified.

Rationale (Informative): Applications should place options before operands, or use --, as needed. This text is needed because, by default, GNU option parsing differs from POSIX, unless the environment variable POSIXLY_CORRECT is set. For example, ls . -a in GNU ls means to list the current directory, showing all files (that is, . is an operand and -a is an option). In POSIX, . and -a are both operands, and the command means to list the current directory, and also the file named -a. Suggesting that applications rely on the setting of the POSIXLY_CORRECT environment variable, or try to set it, seems worse than just asking the applications to invoke commands in ways which work with either the POSIX or GNU behaviors.

Table 8-1 Commands And Utilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>foomatic-rip</th>
<th>gs [1]</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. This Specification

8.2 Command Behavior

This section contains descriptions for commands and utilities whose specified behavior in the LSB contradicts or extends the standards referenced. It also contains commands and utilities only required by the LSB and not specified by other standards.
8 Printing Commands

FOOMATIC-RIP

2002-11-26

Name
foomatic-rip — Universal print filter/RIP wrapper

SYNOPSIS

Standalone Mode
foomatic-rip [-v] [-q] [-d] [ --ppd ppdfile ] [ -J jobtitle ] [ -o option=value [ ... ] ] [ files ]

CUPS Mode
foomatic-rip jobid user jobtitle numcopies options [file]

DESCRIPTION

foomatic-rip is a universal print filter which works with every known free software printer spooler.

This page describes the facilities of foomatic-rip when used as a CUPS filter and when used outside of a print system. While implementations of foomatic-rip may support other print systems, such use is not documented here.

When run as a CUPS filter, foomatic-rip reads the job from the specified file, or from standard input if no file is specified. It renders the file into a printer-specific format, and writes the result to standard output.

When run standalone, foomatic-rip will read the job from the specified files, or from standard input if no files are given. The files are rendered into a printer-specific format, which is then output according to the PPD option "FoomaticRIPPostPipe", documented in the LSB.

Printer capabilities are described to foomatic-rip via PPD files, as described (with extensions used by foomatic-rip) in the LSB. The method foomatic-rip uses to determine the proper PPD file for the printer in question is defined by the implementation of both the spooler and foomatic-rip.

CUPS OPTIONS

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are required when running foomatic-rip as a CUPS filter.

jobid
The internal Job ID from CUPS.

username
The username of the user who submitted the job.

jobtitle
The job's title, as submitted by the user.

numcopies
The number of copies of the job requested.

options
A series of printer options, separated by spaces, each of which take the form `name` or `name=value`. The specific list of options supported is dependent on the printer and spooler, and is usually documented in the PPD file for the printer.

An option may be preceded by a page specification, describing the pages to which the option should apply. A page specification consists of one or more items, separated by commas, and separated from the option name by a colon. Valid items include the words "even" and "odd", a single page number, and a page range. Page ranges are described with a starting page, a dash ("-"), and an ending page. If omitted, the starting and ending pages are the first and last page, respectively, but only one of the ends of the range may be omitted.

`file`

The full path to the file containing the job. This parameter is optional; if it is not supplied, the job is read from standard input.

**SPOOLER-LESS OPTIONS**

`-v`

Verbose mode. Intended for debugging and testing purposes only.

`-q`

Quiet mode - minimal information output.

`-d`

Identical to the 'opts' option, but option information is left in text format. The PPD file will need to be specified using the --ppd option.

`--ppd ppdfile`

The PPD file `ppdfile` should be applied for processing this job.

`-J jobtitle`

Print the given job title in the header of every page of a plain text job.

`-o option=value`

Set an option setting for this job.

**EXIT STATUS**

`foomatic-rip` returns 0 unless something unexpected happens.

**AUTHOR**

Till Kamppeter <till.kamppeter@gmail.com> with parts of Manfred Wassmanns's <manolo@NCC-1701.B.Shuttle.de> man pages for the Foomatic 2.0.x filters.

Jeff Licquia <licquia@linux-foundation.org> adapted the original man page for the LSB.
Name

`gs` — GhostScript (PostScript and PDF language interpreter)

SYNOPSIS

`gs -h | --help`

`gs [ options ] ps-file [ [ options ] ps-file2 ] ...`

DESCRIPTION

The `gs` command invokes Ghostscript, an interpreter of Adobe Systems' PostScript(tm) and Portable Document Format (PDF) languages. `gs` reads the files named by `ps-file` in sequence and executes them as Ghostscript programs. After doing this, it reads further input from the standard input stream (normally the keyboard), interpreting each line separately. The interpreter exits gracefully when it encounters the "quit" command (either in a file or from the keyboard), at end-of-file, or at an interrupt signal (such as Control-C at the keyboard).

Some of GhostScript's options are set via command-line options; others are set as processing parameters, each of which consists of a name and a value.

OPTIONS

`-h --help`

Show GhostScript's help, as well as lists of the supported input formats, supported devices, and the search path for `gs` components.

`-q`

Suppress normal startup messages, and also set the processing parameter `QUIET`.

`-c`

Begin interpreting arguments as PostScript code. All following arguments are sent to the interpreter up to the next argument beginning with "-" followed by a non-digit, or with "@". This code is interpolated with the file list, so files specified before `-c` are interpreted beforehand, and files after `-c` are interpreted afterwards.

`-f`

Specifies a PostScript file to run as its argument. This is equivalent to the `ps-file` arguments, but is useful for terminating PostScript code as passed via `-c`.

`-d -D`

Set a processing parameter. The "name=value" pair follows immediately after the option, as in "-Dfoo=bar". The values here must be integers or the values "true" or "false". The equals sign and value may be omitted; this is assumed to set the name to "true".

`-s -S`
Set a processing parameter to a string value. The "name=value" pair follows immediately after the option, as in "-Sfoo=bar".

-u
Unset a processing parameter. The name to be unset follows immediately after the option, as in "-ufoo".

-o
Write rendered output to the named file, and also inhibit pauses and the interactive shell. This is equivalent to setting the processing parameters BATCH and NOPAUSE to true, and OutputFile to the parameter after -o.

-r
Set the device resolution. The resolution is specified as two numbers separated with an "x", as in "300x150", corresponding to the X and Y axis resolutions, respectively. If a single number is given without an "x", it is treated as the value for both resolutions.
This is equivalent to setting DEVICEXRESOLUTION and DEVICEYRESOLUTION in systemdict.

-g
Set the device size, in pixels. The size is specified as two numbers separated with an "x", as in "640x480", corresponding to the width and height, respectively.
This is equivalent to setting DEVICEWIDTH and DEVICEHEIGHT in systemdict.

RECOGNIZED PROCESSING PARAMETERS

Processing parameters may have arbitrary names; no limits are placed on the settings that may be made. However, certain settings have meaning to the gs interpreter, and drivers may use other settings. Below is a list of recognized settings that the gs interpreter must respect.

BATCH
If set to true, do not enter an interactive shell after processing all command-line files.

DEVICE
Contains the name of the device used to render the page, as a string.
The list of available devices can be discovered with the -h parameter, as described above. At least the following devices must be present: cups (CUPS Raster), ijs, pxlmono, pxlcolor, and opvp (OpenPrinting Vector).

DEVICEHEIGHT
Contains the height, in pixels, of the output device.
The effect of this setting when the current driver is a vector driver is undefined.

DEVICEHEIGHTPOINTS
Sets the initial page height, in units of 1/72 of an inch.

DEVICEWIDTH
8 Printing Commands

Contains the width, in pixels, of the output device.

The effect of this setting when the current driver is a vector driver is undefined.

\texttt{DEVICEWIDTHPOINTS}

Sets the initial page width, in units of 1/72 of an inch.

\texttt{DEVICEXRESOLUTION}

Contains the resolution, in pixels per inch, of the X dimension (horizontal) of the output device.

\texttt{DEVICEYRESOLUTION}

Contains the resolution, in pixels per inch, of the Y dimension (vertical) of the output device.

\texttt{ NOPAUSE}

If set to true, disable the prompt and pause normally displayed after rendering a page.

\texttt{OutputFile}

Contains the path to the file to which gs should write its output, as a string. This parameter may be set to '-', in which case gs's output is sent to standard output.

\texttt{PAPERSIZE}

Contains the string representation of the paper size. The ISO paper sizes a0-a10 (plus a4small), isob0-isob6, and c0-c6 are recognized, as are jisb0-jisb6 (JIS standard sizes) and the US paper sizes 11x17, ledger, legal, letter, lettersmall, and archA-archE.

\texttt{QUIET}

If set to true, suppress routine information comments on standard output.

\texttt{SAFER}

If set to true, disable several unsafe PostScript features: the deletefile and renamefile operators, piped commands, reading or writing to general files, and changing of certain system settings.

\texttt{STRICT}

If set to true, disable as many extensions to the Adobe PostScript specification as possible.

\textbf{EXIT STATUS}

\texttt{gs} returns 0 on successful execution. Any other return value indicates an error.

\textbf{AUTHOR}

Jeff Licquia (licquia@linux-foundation.org) wrote this man page for the LSB specification.

Portions of this page were taken from the GhostScript documentation. The maintainer and rights holder for GhostScript is Artifex Software, Inc.
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