

Linux Standard Base Core Specification for IA32 3.0

Linux Standard Base Core Specification for IA32 3.0

Copyright © 2004, 2005 Free Standards Group

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.1; with no Invariant Sections, with no Front-Cover Texts, and with no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

Portions of the text are copyrighted by the following parties:

- The Regents of the University of California
- Free Software Foundation
- Ian F. Darwin
- Paul Vixie
- BSDI (now Wind River)
- Andrew G Morgan
- Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology

These excerpts are being used in accordance with their respective licenses.

Linux is a trademark of Linus Torvalds.

UNIX a registered trademark of the Open Group in the United States and other countries.

LSB is a trademark of the Free Standards Group in the USA and other countries.

AMD is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

Intel and Itanium are registered trademarks and Intel386 is a trademarks of Intel Corporation.

PowerPC and PowerPC Architecture are trademarks of the IBM Corporation.

OpenGL is a registered trademark of Silicon Graphics, Inc.

Contents

Foreword	vi
Introduction	vii
I Introductory Elements	8
1 Scope.....	8
1.1 General.....	8
1.2 Module Specific Scope.....	8
2 Normative References.....	9
3 Requirements	13
3.1 Relevant Libraries	13
3.2 LSB Implementation Conformance	13
3.3 LSB Application Conformance.....	14
4 Definitions	15
5 Terminology	16
6 Documentation Conventions	18
II Executable and Linking Format (ELF)	19
7 Introduction.....	19
8 Low Level System Information.....	20
8.1 Machine Interface.....	20
8.2 Function Calling Sequence.....	21
8.3 Operating System Interface	22
8.4 Process Initialization.....	23
8.5 Coding Examples	24
8.6 C Stack Frame	25
8.7 Debug Information	25
9 Object Format.....	26
9.1 Introduction	26
9.2 ELF Header	26
9.3 Special Sections.....	26
9.4 Symbol Table	27
9.5 Relocation.....	27
10 Program Loading and Dynamic Linking	28
10.1 Introduction	28
10.2 Program Header.....	28
10.3 Program Loading	28
10.4 Dynamic Linking.....	28
III Base Libraries	30
11 Libraries	30
11.1 Program Interpreter/Dynamic Linker	30
11.2 Interfaces for libc	30
11.3 Data Definitions for libc	46
11.4 Interfaces for libm	54
11.5 Data Definitions for libm.....	58
11.6 Interface Definitions for libm	59
11.7 Interfaces for libpthread.....	59
11.8 Interfaces for libgcc_s	62
11.9 Interface Definitions for libgcc_s.....	63
11.10 Interfaces for libdl	63
11.11 Interfaces for libcrypt.....	64

IV Utility Libraries.....	65
12 Libraries	65
12.1 Interfaces for libz.....	65
12.2 Interfaces for libncurses.....	65
12.3 Interfaces for libutil.....	65
V Package Format and Installation	67
13 Software Installation	67
13.1 Package Dependencies	67
13.2 Package Architecture Considerations	67
A Alphabetical Listing of Interfaces.....	68
A.1 libgcc_s.....	68
A.2 libm.....	68
B GNU Free Documentation License	69
B.1 PREAMBLE	69
B.2 APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS	69
B.3 VERBATIM COPYING.....	70
B.4 COPYING IN QUANTITY	70
B.5 MODIFICATIONS	71
B.6 COMBINING DOCUMENTS.....	72
B.7 COLLECTIONS OF DOCUMENTS.....	73
B.8 AGGREGATION WITH INDEPENDENT WORKS.....	73
B.9 TRANSLATION	73
B.10 TERMINATION	73
B.11 FUTURE REVISIONS OF THIS LICENSE	73
B.12 How to use this License for your documents.....	74

List of Tables

2-1 Normative References	9
3-1 Standard Library Names	13
8-1 Scalar Types	20
9-1 ELF Special Sections	26
9-2 Additional Special Sections	27
11-1 libc Definition	30
11-2 libc - RPC Function Interfaces	30
11-3 libc - System Calls Function Interfaces	31
11-4 libc - Standard I/O Function Interfaces	33
11-5 libc - Standard I/O Data Interfaces	34
11-6 libc - Signal Handling Function Interfaces	34
11-7 libc - Signal Handling Data Interfaces	35
11-8 libc - Localization Functions Function Interfaces	35
11-9 libc - Localization Functions Data Interfaces	36
11-10 libc - Socket Interface Function Interfaces	36
11-11 libc - Wide Characters Function Interfaces	37
11-12 libc - String Functions Function Interfaces	38
11-13 libc - IPC Functions Function Interfaces	39
11-14 libc - Regular Expressions Function Interfaces	40
11-15 libc - Character Type Functions Function Interfaces	40
11-16 libc - Time Manipulation Function Interfaces	41
11-17 libc - Time Manipulation Data Interfaces	41
11-18 libc - Terminal Interface Functions Function Interfaces	41
11-19 libc - System Database Interface Function Interfaces	42
11-20 libc - Language Support Function Interfaces	43
11-21 libc - Large File Support Function Interfaces	43
11-22 libc - Standard Library Function Interfaces	43
11-23 libc - Standard Library Data Interfaces	45
11-24 libm Definition	54
11-25 libm - Math Function Interfaces	54
11-26 libm - Math Data Interfaces	58
11-27 libpthread Definition	59
11-28 libpthread - Realtime Threads Function Interfaces	60
11-29 libpthread - Posix Threads Function Interfaces	60
11-30 libpthread - Thread aware versions of libc interfaces Function Interfaces	62
11-31 libgcc_s Definition	62
11-32 libgcc_s - Unwind Library Function Interfaces	62
11-33 libdl Definition	63
11-34 libdl - Dynamic Loader Function Interfaces	63
11-35 libcrypt Definition	64
11-36 libcrypt - Encryption Function Interfaces	64
12-1 libz Definition	65
12-2 libncurses Definition	65
12-3 libutil Definition	65
12-4 libutil - Utility Functions Function Interfaces	66
A-1 libgcc_s Function Interfaces	68
A-2 libm Function Interfaces	68

Foreword

This is version 3.0 of the Linux Standard Base Core Specification for IA32. This specification is part of a family of specifications under the general title "Linux Standard Base". Developers of applications or implementations interested in using the LSB trademark should see the Free Standards Group Certification Policy for details.

Introduction

The LSB defines a binary interface for application programs that are compiled and packaged for LSB-conforming implementations on many different hardware architectures. Since a binary specification shall include information specific to the computer processor architecture for which it is intended, it is not possible for a single document to specify the interface for all possible LSB-conforming implementations. Therefore, the LSB is a family of specifications, rather than a single one.

This document should be used in conjunction with the documents it references. This document enumerates the system components it includes, but descriptions of those components may be included entirely or partly in this document, partly in other documents, or entirely in other reference documents. For example, the section that describes system service routines includes a list of the system routines supported in this interface, formal declarations of the data structures they use that are visible to applications, and a pointer to the underlying referenced specification for information about the syntax and semantics of each call. Only those routines not described in standards referenced by this document, or extensions to those standards, are described in the detail. Information referenced in this way is as much a part of this document as is the information explicitly included here.

The specification carries a version number of either the form $x.y$ or $x.y.z$. This version number carries the following meaning:

- The first number (x) is the major version number. All versions with the same major version number should share binary compatibility. Any addition or deletion of a new library results in a new version number. Interfaces marked as `deprecated` may be removed from the specification at a major version change.
- The second number (y) is the minor version number. Individual interfaces may be added if all certified implementations already had that (previously undocumented) interface. Interfaces may be marked as `deprecated` at a minor version change. Other minor changes may be permitted at the discretion of the LSB workgroup.
- The third number (z), if present, is the editorial level. Only editorial changes should be included in such versions.

1 Scope

1.1 General

The Linux Standard Base (LSB) defines a system interface for compiled applications and a minimal environment for support of installation scripts. Its purpose is to enable a uniform industry standard environment for high-volume applications conforming to the LSB.

These specifications are composed of two basic parts: A common specification ("LSB-generic") describing those parts of the interface that remain constant across all implementations of the LSB, and an architecture-specific specification ("LSB-arch") describing the parts of the interface that vary by processor architecture. Together, the LSB-generic and the architecture-specific supplement for a single hardware architecture provide a complete interface specification for compiled application programs on systems that share a common hardware architecture.

The LSB-generic document shall be used in conjunction with an architecture-specific supplement. Whenever a section of the LSB-generic specification shall be supplemented by architecture-specific information, the LSB-generic document includes a reference to the architecture supplement. Architecture supplements may also contain additional information that is not referenced in the LSB-generic document.

The LSB contains both a set of Application Program Interfaces (APIs) and Application Binary Interfaces (ABIs). APIs may appear in the source code of portable applications, while the compiled binary of that application may use the larger set of ABIs. A conforming implementation shall provide all of the ABIs listed here. The compilation system may replace (e.g. by macro definition) certain APIs with calls to one or more of the underlying binary interfaces, and may insert calls to binary interfaces as needed.

The LSB is primarily a binary interface definition. Not all of the source level APIs available to applications may be contained in this specification.

1.2 Module Specific Scope

This is the IA32 architecture specific Core module of the Linux Standards Base (LSB). This module supplements the generic LSB Core module with those interfaces that differ between architectures.

Interfaces described in this module are mandatory except where explicitly listed otherwise. Core interfaces may be supplemented by other modules; all modules are built upon the core.

2 Normative References

The specifications listed below are referenced in whole or in part by the Linux Standard Base. In this specification, where only a particular section of one of these references is identified, then the normative reference is to that section alone, and the rest of the referenced document is informative.

Table 2-1 Normative References

Name	Title	URL
DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 2.0.0	DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 2.0.0 (July 27, 1993)	http://refspecs.freestandards.org/dwarf/dwarf-2.0.0.pdf
DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 3.0.0 (Draft)	DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 3.0.0 (Draft)	http://refspecs.freestandards.org/dwarf/
Filesystem Hierarchy Standard	Filesystem Hierarchy Standard (FHS) 2.3	http://www.pathname.com/fhs/
IEC 559/IEEE 754 Floating Point	IEC 559:1989 Binary floating-point arithmetic for microprocessor systems	http://www.ieee.org/
Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 1	The IA-32 Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 1: Basic Architecture	http://developer.intel.com/design/pentium4/manuals/245470.htm
Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 2	The IA-32 Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 2: Instruction Set Reference	http://developer.intel.com/design/pentium4/manuals/245471.htm
Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 3	The IA-32 Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 3: System Programming Guide	http://developer.intel.com/design/pentium4/manuals/245472.htm
ISO C (1999)	ISO/IEC 9899: 1999, Programming Languages --C	
ISO POSIX (2003)	ISO/IEC 9945-1:2003 Information technology - - Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) -- Part 1: Base Definitions ISO/IEC 9945-2:2003	http://www.unix.org/version3/

2 Normative References

Name	Title	URL
	<p>Information technology - - Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) -- Part 2: System Interfaces</p> <p>ISO/IEC 9945-3:2003 Information technology - - Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) -- Part 3: Shell and Utilities</p> <p>ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003 Information technology - - Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) -- Part 4: Rationale</p> <p>Including Technical Cor. 1: 2004</p>	
ISO/IEC 14882: 2003 C++ Language	ISO/IEC 14882: 2003 Programming languages --C++	
ISO/IEC TR14652	ISO/IEC Technical Report 14652:2002 Specification method for cultural conventions	
Itanium C++ ABI	Itanium C++ ABI (Revision: 1.75)	http://www.codesourcery.com/cxx-abi/abi.html
ITU-T V.42	International Telecommunication Union Recommendation V.42 (2002): Error-correcting procedures for DCEs using asynchronous-to-synchronous conversion ITUV	http://www.itu.int/rec/recommendation.asp?type=folders&lang=e&parent=T-REC-V.42
Large File Support	Large File Support	http://www.UNIX-systems.org/version2/whatsnew/lfs20mar.html
Li18nux Globalization Specification	LI18NUNIX 2000 Globalization Specification, Version 1.0 with Amendment 4	http://www.li18nux.org/docs/html/LI18NUNIX-2000-amd4.htm
Linux Allocated Device Registry	LINUX ALLOCATED DEVICES	http://www.lanana.org/docs/device-

Name	Title	URL
		list/devices.txt
PAM	Open Software Foundation, Request For Comments: 86.0 , October 1995, V. Samar & R.Schemers (SunSoft)	http://www.opengroup.org/tech/rfc/mirror-rfc/rfc86.0.txt
RFC 1321: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	IETF RFC 1321: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt
RFC 1833: Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2	IETF RFC 1833: Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1833.txt
RFC 1950: ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification	IETF RFC 1950: ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt
RFC 1951: DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification	IETF RFC 1951: DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt
RFC 1952: GZIP File Format Specification	IETF RFC 1952: GZIP file format specification version 4.3	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt
RFC 2440: OpenPGP Message Format	IETF RFC 2440: OpenPGP Message Format	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2440.txt
RFC 2821: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	IETF RFC 2821: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2821.txt
RFC 2822: Internet Message Format	IETF RFC 2822: Internet Message Format	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2822.txt
RFC 791: Internet Protocol	IETF RFC 791: Internet Protocol Specification	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc791.txt
SUSv2	CAE Specification, January 1997, System Interfaces and Headers (XSH), Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-181-0, C606)	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm
SUSv2 Commands and Utilities	The Single UNIX® Specification(SUS) Version 2, Commands and Utilities (XCU), Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-191-8, C604)	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm
SVID Issue 3	American Telephone and Telegraph Company,	

2 Normative References

Name	Title	URL
	System V Interface Definition, Issue 3 ; Morristown, NJ, UNIX Press, 1989.(ISBN 0201566524)	
SVID Issue 4	System V Interface Definition,Fourth Edition	
System V ABI	System V Application Binary Interface, Edition 4.1	http://www.caldera.com/developers/devspecs/gabi41.pdf
System V ABI Update	System V Application Binary Interface - DRAFT - 17 December 2003	http://www.caldera.com/developers/gabi/2003-12-17/contents.html
System V ABI, IA32 Supplement	System V Application Binary Interface - Intel386™ Architecture Processor Supplement, Fourth Edition	http://www.caldera.com/developers/devspecs/abi386-4.pdf
this specification	Linux Standard Base	http://www.linuxbase.org/spec/
X/Open Curses	CAE Specification, May 1996, X/Open Curses, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-171-3, C610), plus Corrigendum U018	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm

3 Requirements

3.1 Relevant Libraries

The libraries listed in Table 3-1 shall be available on IA32 Linux Standard Base systems, with the specified runtime names. These names override or supplement the names specified in the generic LSB specification. The specified program interpreter, referred to as `proginterp` in this table, shall be used to load the shared libraries specified by `DT_NEEDED` entries at run time.

Table 3-1 Standard Library Names

Library	Runtime Name
libm	libm.so.6
libdl	libdl.so.2
libcrypt	libcrypt.so.1
libz	libz.so.1
libncurses	libncurses.so.5
libutil	libutil.so.1
libc	libc.so.6
libpthread	libpthread.so.0
proginterp	/lib/ld-lsb.so.3
libgcc_s	libgcc_s.so.1

These libraries will be in an implementation-defined directory which the dynamic linker shall search by default.

3.2 LSB Implementation Conformance

A conforming implementation shall satisfy the following requirements:

- The implementation shall implement fully the architecture described in the hardware manual for the target processor architecture.
- The implementation shall be capable of executing compiled applications having the format and using the system interfaces described in this document.
- The implementation shall provide libraries containing the interfaces specified by this document, and shall provide a dynamic linking mechanism that allows these interfaces to be attached to applications at runtime. All the interfaces shall behave as specified in this document.
- The map of virtual memory provided by the implementation shall conform to the requirements of this document.
- The implementation's low-level behavior with respect to function call linkage, system traps, signals, and other such activities shall conform to the formats described in this document.
- The implementation shall provide all of the mandatory interfaces in their entirety.

- The implementation may provide one or more of the optional interfaces. Each optional interface that is provided shall be provided in its entirety. The product documentation shall state which optional interfaces are provided.
- The implementation shall provide all files and utilities specified as part of this document in the format defined here and in other referenced documents. All commands and utilities shall behave as required by this document. The implementation shall also provide all mandatory components of an application's runtime environment that are included or referenced in this document.
- The implementation, when provided with standard data formats and values at a named interface, shall provide the behavior defined for those values and data formats at that interface. However, a conforming implementation may consist of components which are separately packaged and/or sold. For example, a vendor of a conforming implementation might sell the hardware, operating system, and windowing system as separately packaged items.
- The implementation may provide additional interfaces with different names. It may also provide additional behavior corresponding to data values outside the standard ranges, for standard named interfaces.

3.3 LSB Application Conformance

A conforming application shall satisfy the following requirements:

- Its executable files are either shell scripts or object files in the format defined for the Object File Format system interface.
- Its object files participate in dynamic linking as defined in the Program Loading and Linking System interface.
- It employs only the instructions, traps, and other low-level facilities defined in the Low-Level System interface as being for use by applications.
- If it requires any optional interface defined in this document in order to be installed or to execute successfully, the requirement for that optional interface is stated in the application's documentation.
- It does not use any interface or data format that is not required to be provided by a conforming implementation, unless:
 - If such an interface or data format is supplied by another application through direct invocation of that application during execution, that application is in turn an LSB conforming application.
 - The use of that interface or data format, as well as its source, is identified in the documentation of the application.
- It shall not use any values for a named interface that are reserved for vendor extensions.

A strictly conforming application does not require or use any interface, facility, or implementation-defined extension that is not defined in this document in order to be installed or to execute successfully.

4 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following definitions, as specified in the *ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 2001, 4th Edition*, apply:

can

be able to; there is a possibility of; it is possible to

cannot

be unable to; there is no possibility of; it is not possible to

may

is permitted; is allowed; is permissible

need not

it is not required that; no...is required

shall

is to; is required to; it is required that; has to; only...is permitted; it is necessary

shall not

is not allowed [permitted] [acceptable] [permissible]; is required to be not; is required that...be not; is not to be

should

it is recommended that; ought to

should not

it is not recommended that; ought not to

5 Terminology

For the purposes of this document, the following terms apply:

archLSB

The architectural part of the LSB Specification which describes the specific parts of the interface that are platform specific. The archLSB is complementary to the gLSB.

Binary Standard

The total set of interfaces that are available to be used in the compiled binary code of a conforming application.

gLSB

The common part of the LSB Specification that describes those parts of the interface that remain constant across all hardware implementations of the LSB.

implementation-defined

Describes a value or behavior that is not defined by this document but is selected by an implementor. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence of the value or behavior. An application that relies on such a value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations. The implementor shall document such a value or behavior so that it can be used correctly by an application.

Shell Script

A file that is read by an interpreter (e.g., awk). The first line of the shell script includes a reference to its interpreter binary.

Source Standard

The set of interfaces that are available to be used in the source code of a conforming application.

undefined

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not defined by this document which results from use of an invalid program construct or invalid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.

unspecified

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not specified by this document which results from use of a valid program construct or valid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.

Other terms and definitions used in this document shall have the same meaning as defined in Chapter 3 of the Base Definitions volume of ISO POSIX (2003).

6 Documentation Conventions

Throughout this document, the following typographic conventions are used:

`function()`

the name of a function

command

the name of a command or utility

CONSTANT

a constant value

parameter

a parameter

variable

a variable

Throughout this specification, several tables of interfaces are presented. Each entry in these tables has the following format:

name

the name of the interface

(symver)

An optional symbol version identifier, if required.

[*refno*]

A reference number indexing the table of referenced specifications that follows this table.

For example,

<code>forkpty(GLIBC_2.0) [1]</code>

refers to the interface named `forkpty()` with symbol version `GLIBC_2.0` that is defined in the first of the listed references below the table.

7 Introduction

Executable and Linking Format (ELF) defines the object format for compiled applications. This specification supplements the information found in System V ABI Update and System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, and is intended to document additions made since the publication of that document.

8 Low Level System Information

8.1 Machine Interface

8.1.1 Processor Architecture

The IA32 Architecture is specified by the following documents

- Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 1
- Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 2
- Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 3

Only the features of the Intel486 processor instruction set may be assumed to be present. An application should determine if any additional instruction set features are available before using those additional features. If a feature is not present, then the application may not use it.

Only instructions which do not require elevated privileges may be used by an application.

Applications may not make system calls directly. The interfaces in the implementation base libraries shall be used instead.

Applications conforming to this specification shall provide feedback to the user if a feature that is required for correct execution of the application is not present. Applications conforming to this specification should attempt to execute in a diminished capacity if a required instruction set feature is not present.

This specification does not provide any performance guarantees of a conforming system. A system conforming to this specification may be implemented in either hardware or software.

8.1.2 Data Representation

LSB-conforming applications shall use the data representation as defined in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.1.2.1 Byte Ordering

LSB-conforming systems and applications shall use the bit and byte ordering rules specified in Section 1.3.1 of the Intel® Architecture Software Developer's Manual Volume 1.

8.1.2.2 Fundamental Types

In addition to the fundamental types specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, a 64 bit data type is defined here.

Table 8-1 Scalar Types

Type	C	sizeof	Alignment (bytes)	Intel386 Architecture
Integral	long long	8	4	signed double word
	signed long long			

Type	C	sizeof	Alignment (bytes)	Intel386 Architecture
	unsigned long long	8	4	unsigned double word

8.1.2.3 Aggregates and Unions

LSB-conforming implementations shall support aggregates and unions with alignment and padding as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.1.2.4 Bit Fields

LSB-conforming implementations shall support structure and union definitions that include bit-fields as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2 Function Calling Sequence

LSB-conforming applications shall use the function calling sequence as defined in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.1 Registers

LSB-conforming applications shall use the general registers provided by the architecture in the manner described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.2 Floating Point Registers

LSB-conforming applications shall use the floating point registers provided by the architecture in the manner described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.3 Stack Frame

LSB-conforming applications shall use the stack frame in the manner specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.4 Arguments

8.2.4.1 Integral/Pointer

Integral and pointer arguments to functions shall be passed as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.4.2 Floating Point

Floating point arguments to functions shall be passed as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.4.3 Struct and Union Arguments

Structure and union arguments to functions shall be passed as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.4.4 Variable Arguments

As described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, LSB-conforming applications using variable argument lists shall use the facilities defined in the header file `<stdarg.h>` to deal with variable argument lists.

Note: This is a requirement of ISO C (1999) and ISO POSIX (2003) as well as System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.5 Return Values

8.2.5.1 Void

As described in chapter 3 of System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, functions returning no value need not set any register to any particular value.

8.2.5.2 Integral/Pointer

Functions return scalar values (integer or pointer), shall do so as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.5.3 Floating Point

Functions return floating point values shall do so as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.2.5.4 Struct and Union

Functions that return a structure or union shall do so as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3 Operating System Interface

LSB-conforming applications shall use the following aspects of the Operating System Interfaces as defined in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.1 Virtual Address Space

LSB-conforming implementations shall support the virtual address space described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.1.1 Page Size

LSB-conforming applications should call `sysconf()` to determine the current page size. See also Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.1.2 Virtual Address Assignments

LSB-conforming systems shall provide the virtual address space configuration as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement (Virtual Address Assignments).

8.3.1.3 Managing the Process Stack

LSB-conforming systems shall manage the process stack as specified in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.1.4 Coding Guidelines

LSB-conforming applications should follow the coding guidelines provided in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.2 Processor Execution Mode

LSB-conforming applications shall run in the user-mode ring as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.3 Exception Interface

8.3.3.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming system shall provide the exception interface described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.3.2 Hardware Exception Types

LSB-conforming systems shall map hardware exceptions to signals as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.3.3 Software Trap Types

Software generated traps are subject to the limitations described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.3.4 Signal Delivery

There are no architecture specific requirements for signal delivery.

8.3.4.1 Signal Handler Interface

There are no architecture specific requirements for the signal handler interface.

8.4 Process Initialization

An LSB-conforming implementation shall cause an application to be initialized as described in the Process Initialization section of Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, and as described below.

8.4.1 Special Registers

The special registers shall be initialized as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.4.2 Process Stack (on entry)

The process stack shall be initialized as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.4.3 Auxilliary Vector

The auxilliary vector shall be initialized as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.4.4 Environment

There are no architecture specific requirements for environment initialization.

8.5 Coding Examples

8.5.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming applications may follow the coding examples provided in chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement in order to implement certain fundamental operations.

8.5.2 Code Model Overview/Architecture Constraints

Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement provides an overview of the code model.

8.5.3 Position-Independent Function Prologue

LSB-conforming applications using position independent functions may use the techniques described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.5.4 Data Objects

LSB-conforming applications accessing non-stack resident data objects may do so as described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, including both absolute and position independent data access techniques.

8.5.5 Function Calls

8.5.5.1 Absolute Direct Function Call

LSB-conforming applications using direct function calls with absolute addressing may follow the examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.5.5.2 Absolute Indirect Function Call

LSB-conforming applications using indirect function calls with absolute addressing may follow the examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.5.5.3 Position-Independent Direct Function Call

LSB-conforming applications using direct function calls with position independent addressing may follow the examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.5.5.4 Position-Independent Indirect Function Call

LSB-conforming applications using indirect function calls with position independent addressing may follow the examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.5.6 Branching

LSB-conforming applications may follow the branching examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.6 C Stack Frame

8.6.1 Variable Argument List

As described in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, LSB-conforming applications using variable argument lists shall use the facilities defined in the header file `<stdarg.h>` to deal with variable argument lists.

Note: This is a requirement of ISO C (1999) and ISO POSIX (2003) as well as System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.6.2 Dynamic Allocation of Stack Space

LSB-conforming applications may allocate space using the stack following the examples given in Chapter 3 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

8.7 Debug Information

There are no architecture specific requirements for debugging information for this architecture. LSB-conforming applications may utilize DWARF sections as described in the generic specification.

9 Object Format

9.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming implementations shall support an object file, called Executable and Linking Format (ELF) as defined by the System V ABI, System V ABI Update, System V ABI, IA32 Supplement and as supplemented by the this specification and the generic LSB specification.

9.2 ELF Header

9.2.1 Machine Information

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Machine Information as defined in Chapter 4 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement, including the *e_ident* array members for *EI_CLASS* and *EI_DATA*, the processor identification in *e_machine* and flags in *e_flags*. The operating system identification field, in *e_ident[EI_OSABI]* shall be *ELFOSABI_NONE* (0).

9.3 Special Sections

9.3.1 Special Sections

Various sections hold program and control information. Sections in the lists below are used by the system and have the indicated types and attributes.

9.3.1.1 ELF Special Sections

The following sections are defined in Chapter 4 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

Table 9-1 ELF Special Sections

Name	Type	Attributes
.got	SHT_PROGBITS	SHF_ALLOC+SHF_WRITE
.plt	SHT_PROGBITS	SHF_ALLOC+SHF_EXECINSTR

.got

This section holds the global offset table. See 'Coding Examples' in Chapter 3, 'Special Sections' in Chapter 4, and 'Global Offset Table' in Chapter 5 of the processor supplement for more information.

.plt

This section holds the procedure linkage table.

9.3.1.2 Addition Special Sections

The following additional sections are defined here.

Table 9-2 Additional Special Sections

Name	Type	Attributes
.rel.dyn	SHT_REL	SHF_ALLOC

.rel.dyn

This section holds relocation information, as described in 'Relocation'. These relocations are applied to the .dyn section.

9.4 Symbol Table

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Symbol Table section as defined in Chapter 4 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

9.5 Relocation

9.5.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming implementations shall support Relocation as defined in Chapter 4 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement and as described below.

9.5.2 Relocation Types

The relocation types described in Chapter 4 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement shall be supported.

10 Program Loading and Dynamic Linking

10.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming implementations shall support the object file information and system actions that create running programs as specified in the System V ABI , System V ABI Update , System V ABI, IA32 Supplement and as supplemented by this specification and the generic LSB specification.

10.2 Program Header

10.2.1 Introduction

As described in System V ABI Update, the program header is an array of structures, each describing a segment or other information the system needs to prepare the program for execution.

10.2.2 Types

The IA32 architecture does not define any additional program header types beyond those required in the generic LSB Core specification.

10.2.3 Flags

The IA32 architecture does not define any additional program header flags beyond those required in the generic LSB Core specification.

10.3 Program Loading

LSB-conforming systems shall support program loading as defined in Chapter 5 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

10.4 Dynamic Linking

LSB-conforming systems shall support dynamic linking as defined in Chapter 5 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

10.4.1 Dynamic Section

The following dynamic entries are defined in the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

DT_PLTGOT

On the Intel386 architecture, this entry's `d_ptr` member gives the address of the first entry in the global offset table.

10.4.2 Global Offset Table

LSB-conforming implementations shall support use of the global offset table as described in Chapter 5 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

10.4.3 Shared Object Dependencies

There are no architecture specific requirements for shared object dependencies; see the generic LSB-Core specification.

10.4.4 Function Addresses

Function addresses shall behave as specified in Chapter 5 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

10.4.5 Procedure Linkage Table

LSB-conforming implementations shall support a Procedure Linkage Table as described in Chapter 5 of the System V ABI, IA32 Supplement.

10.4.6 Initialization and Termination Functions

There are no architecture specific requirements for initialization and termination functions; see the generic LSB-Core specification.

11 Libraries

An LSB-conforming implementation shall support some base libraries which provide interfaces for accessing the operating system, processor and other hardware in the system.

Interfaces that are unique to the IA32 platform are defined here. This section should be used in conjunction with the corresponding section in the Linux Standard Base Specification.

11.1 Program Interpreter/Dynamic Linker

The LSB specifies the Program Interpreter to be `/lib/ld-lsb.so.3`.

11.2 Interfaces for libc

Table 11-1 defines the library name and shared object name for the libc library

Table 11-1 libc Definition

Library:	libc
SONAME:	libc.so.6

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

Large File Support
 this specification
 SUSv2
 ISO POSIX (2003)
 SVID Issue 3
 SVID Issue 4

11.2.1 RPC

11.2.1.1 Interfaces for RPC

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for RPC specified in Table 11-2, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-2 libc - RPC Function Interfaces

authnone_create(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svc_getreqset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	svcudp_create(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	xdr_int(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_u_long(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_create(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svc_register(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	xdr_accepted_reply(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_long(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_u_short(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_pcreateerror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svc_run(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	xdr_array(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_opaque(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_union(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_perrno(G	svc_sendrepl	xdr_bool(GLI	xdr_opaque_a	xdr_vector(G

LIBC_2.0) [1]	y(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	BC_2.0) [2]	uth(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	LIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_perror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svcerr_auth(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_bytes(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_pointer(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_void(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_sprecreateerror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svcerr_decode(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_callhdr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_reference(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_wrapstring(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_sperrno(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svcerr_noprocedure(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_callmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_rejected_reply(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdrmem_create(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clnt_sperror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	svcerr_noprocedure(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_char(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_replymsg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdrrec_create(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
key_decryptsession(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	svcerr_procedure(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_double(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_short(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdrrec_eof(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
pmap_getport(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	svcerr_systemerror(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_enum(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_string(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
pmap_set(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	svcerr_weakauth(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_float(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_u_char(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
pmap_unset(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	svctcp_create(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	xdr_free(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	xdr_u_int(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. SVID Issue 4

[2]. SVID Issue 3

[3]. this specification

11.2.2 System Calls

11.2.2.1 Interfaces for System Calls

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for System Calls specified in Table 11-3, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-3 libc - System Calls Function Interfaces

__fxstat(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fchmod(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getwd(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	read(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setrlimit(GLIBC_2.2) [2]
__getpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fchown(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	initgroups(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	readdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setrlimit64(GLIBC_2.1) [3]
__lxstat(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fcntl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ioctl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	readdir_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setsid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

__xmknod(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fdatasync(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	kill(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	readlink(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setuid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__xstat(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	flock(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	killpg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	readv(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sleep(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
access(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fork(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lchown(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	rename(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	statvfs(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
acct(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fstatvfs(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	link(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	rmdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	stime(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
alarm(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fsync(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lockf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	symlink(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
brk(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	ftime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lseek(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_get_priority_max(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sync(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
chdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ftruncate(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mkdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_get_priority_min(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sysconf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
chmod(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getcontext(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	mknfif(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_getparam(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	time(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
chown(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	getegid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mlock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_getscheduler(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	times(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
chroot(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	geteuid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mlockall(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_rr_getinterval(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	truncate(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
clock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getgid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mmap(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_setparam(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ulimit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
close(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getgroups(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mprotect(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_setscheduler(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	umask(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
closedir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getitimer(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	msync(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sched_yield(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	uname(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
creat(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getloadavg(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	munlock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	select(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	unlink(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
dup(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpagesize(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	munlockall(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setcontext(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	utime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
dup2(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	munmap(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setegid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	utimes(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
execl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nanosleep(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	seteuid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vfork(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
execle(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nice(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setgid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wait(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

_2.0) [2]	_2.0) [2]	.0) [2]	_2.0) [2]	.0) [2]
execlp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getppid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	open(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setitimer(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wait4(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
execv(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpriority(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	opendir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	waitpid(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
execve(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getrlimit(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pathconf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	write(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
execvp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getrusage(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pause(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setpriority(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	writew(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
exit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getsid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pipe(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setregid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
fchdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getuid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	poll(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setreuid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[3]. Large File Support

[4]. SUSv2

11.2.3 Standard I/O

11.2.3.1 Interfaces for Standard I/O

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Standard I/O specified in Table 11-4, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-4 libc - Standard I/O Function Interfaces

_IO_feof(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fgetpos(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	fsetpos(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	putchar(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
_IO_getc(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fgets(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ftell(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	putchar_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	telldir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
_IO_putc(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fgetwc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	ftello(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	puts(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tempnam(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
_IO_puts(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fileno(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fwrite(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	putw(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	ungetc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
asprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	flockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	remove(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vasprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
clearerr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fopen(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	getc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	rewind(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vdprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]

ctermid(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getchar(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	rewinddir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vfprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fclose(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fputc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getchar_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	scanf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	vprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fdopen(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fputs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getw(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	seekdir(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vsnprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
feof(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fread(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pclose(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	setbuf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vsprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
ferror(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	freopen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	popen(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	setbuffer(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	
fflush(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	printf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setvbuf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
fflush_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	fseek(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	putc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	snprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
fgetc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fseeko(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	putc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

- [1]. this specification
- [2]. ISO POSIX (2003)
- [3]. SUSv2

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Standard I/O specified in Table 11-5, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-5 libc - Standard I/O Data Interfaces

stderr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	stdin(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	stdout(GLIBC_2.0) [1]		
-----------------------	----------------------	-----------------------	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

- [1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.4 Signal Handling

11.2.4.1 Interfaces for Signal Handling

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Signal Handling specified in Table 11-6, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-6 libc - Signal Handling Function Interfaces

__libc_current_sigrtmax(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sigaction(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sighold(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sigorset(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigset(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
--	--------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------------

IBC_2.1) [1]				
__libc_current_sigtmin(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	sigaddset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigignore(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sigpause(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigsuspend(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__sigsetjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigaltstack(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	siginterrupt(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigpending(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigtimedwait(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__sysv_signal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigandset(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigisemptyset(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigprocmask(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigwait(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
bsd_signal(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigdelset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigismember(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigqueue(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sigwaitinfo(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
psignal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sigemptyset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	siglongjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigrelse(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	
raise(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigfillset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	signal(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sigreturn(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Signal Handling specified in Table 11-7, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-7 libc - Signal Handling Data Interfaces

__sys_siglist(GLIBC_2.3.3) [1]				
--------------------------------	--	--	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

11.2.5 Localization Functions

11.2.5.1 Interfaces for Localization Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Localization Functions specified in Table 11-8, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-8 libc - Localization Functions Function Interfaces

bind_textdomain_codeset(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	catopen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	iconv_open(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	setlocale(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
bindtextdomain	dcgettext(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	gettext(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	localeconv(G)	textdomain(G)

in(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	BC_2.0) [1]	C_2.0) [1]	LIBC_2.2) [2]	LIBC_2.0) [1]
catclose(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dcngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	iconv(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	
catgets(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dgettext(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	iconv_close(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	nl_langinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Localization Functions specified in Table 11-9, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-9 libc - Localization Functions Data Interfaces

_nl_msg_cat_cntr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]				
---------------------------------	--	--	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

11.2.6 Socket Interface

11.2.6.1 Interfaces for Socket Interface

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Socket Interface specified in Table 11-10, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-10 libc - Socket Interface Function Interfaces

__h_errno_location(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	gethostname(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	if_nameindex(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	send(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	socket(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
accept(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getpeername(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	if_nametoindex(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sendmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	socketpair(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
bind(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getsockname(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	listen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sendto(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
bindresvport(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getsockopt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	recv(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	setsockopt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	
connect(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	if_freenameindex(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	recvfrom(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	shutdown(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
gethostid(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	if_indextona	recvmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	socketatmark(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

BC_2.0) [2]	me(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	BC_2.0) [2]	LIBC_2.2.4) [2]	
-------------	-------------------	-------------	-----------------	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.7 Wide Characters

11.2.7.1 Interfaces for Wide Characters

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Wide Characters specified in Table 11-11, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-11 libc - Wide Characters Function Interfaces

__wctod_int ernal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mbsinit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	wcsnlen(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	wcstoumax(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__wctof_int ernal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mbsnrtowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wcpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wcsnrtombs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wcstouq(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__wctol_int ernal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mbsrtowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wcspbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcswcs(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__wctold_int ernal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mbstowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcrtomb(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcsrchr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcswidth(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__wctoul_int ernal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mbtowc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcscasecmp(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	wcsrtombs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcsxfrm(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
btowc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	putwc(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcscat(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcsspn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctob(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fgetwc(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	putwchar(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcschr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcsstr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctomb(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fgetws(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	swprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcscmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctod(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctrans(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fputwc(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	swscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	wcscoll(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctof(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wctype(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fputws(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	towctrans(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcscpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstoimax(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	wcwidth(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fwide(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	towlower(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcscspn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstok(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wmemchr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
fwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	towupper(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcsdup(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wcstol(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wmemcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

fwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	ungetwc(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcsftime(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcstold(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wmemcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
getwc(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	vfwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcslen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstoll(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	wmemmove(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
getwchar(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	vfwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	wcsncasecmp(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	wcstombs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wmemset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
mblen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vswprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcsncat(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstoq(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]
mbrlen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vswscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	wcsncmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstoul(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [1]
mbrtowc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	vwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	wcsncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wcstoull(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.8 String Functions

11.2.8.1 Interfaces for String Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for String Functions specified in Table 11-12, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-12 libc - String Functions Function Interfaces

__memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	bzero(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcasestr(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	strncat(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtok(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__rawmemchr(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ffs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcat(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strncmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtok_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__stpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	index(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strchr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtol(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__strdup(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strndup(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strtoll(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__strtod_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memchr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcoll(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strlen(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strtoq(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__strtof_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strpbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtoull(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__strtok_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcspn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strptime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtoumax(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

IBC_2.0) [1]	BC_2.0) [2]	C_2.0) [2]	BC_2.0) [1]	IBC_2.1) [2]
__strtol_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memmove(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strdup(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strchr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtouq(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__strtold_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memrchr(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	strerror(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strsep(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strxfrm(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__strtoll_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	memset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strerror_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strsignal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	swab(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__strtoul_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	rindex(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strfmon(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strspn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
__strtoull_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	stpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strftime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strstr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
bcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	stpncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strlen(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtof(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
bcopy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strcasecmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strncasecmp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtoimax(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.9 IPC Functions

11.2.9.1 Interfaces for IPC Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for IPC Functions specified in Table 11-13, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-13 libc - IPC Functions Function Interfaces

ftok(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	msgrcv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	semget(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	shmctl(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	
msgctl(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	msgsnd(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	semop(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	shmdt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	
msgget(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	semctl(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	shmat(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	shmget(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.10 Regular Expressions

11.2.10.1 Interfaces for Regular Expressions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Regular Expressions specified in Table 11-14, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-14 libc - Regular Expressions Function Interfaces

regcomp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	regerror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	regexexec(GLIBC_2.3.4) [2]	regfree(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	
------------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	------------------------	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[2]. this specification

11.2.11 Character Type Functions

11.2.11.1 Interfaces for Character Type Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Character Type Functions specified in Table 11-15, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-15 libc - Character Type Functions Function Interfaces

__ctype_get_mb_cur_max(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	isdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswalnum(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswlower(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	toascii(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
_tolower(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	isgraph(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswalpha(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswprint(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tolower(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
_toupper(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	islower(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswblank(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	iswpunct(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	toupper(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
isalnum(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	isprint(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswcntrl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswspace(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
isalpha(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ispunct(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswctype(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswupper(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
isascii(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	isspace(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswxdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
iscntrl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	isupper(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	iswgraph(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	isxdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.12 Time Manipulation

11.2.12.1 Interfaces for Time Manipulation

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Time Manipulation specified in Table 11-16, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-16 libc - Time Manipulation Function Interfaces

adjtime(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ctime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	gmtime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	localtime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ualarm(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
asctime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ctime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	gmtime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	mktime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
asctime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	difftime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	localtime(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tzset(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Time Manipulation specified in Table 11-17, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-17 libc - Time Manipulation Data Interfaces

__daylight(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	__tzname(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	timezone(GLIBC_2.0) [2]		
__timezone(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	daylight(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tzname(GLIBC_2.0) [2]		

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.2.13 Terminal Interface Functions

11.2.13.1 Interfaces for Terminal Interface Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Terminal Interface Functions specified in Table 11-18, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-18 libc - Terminal Interface Functions Function Interfaces

cfgetispeed(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	cfsetispeed(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcdrain(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcgetattr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcsendbreak(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
cfgetospeed(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	cfsetospeed(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcflow(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcgetpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tcsetattr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]

cfmakeraw(G LIBC_2.0) [2]	cfsetpspeed(GL IBC_2.0) [2]	tcflush(GLIB C_2.0) [1]	tcgetsid(GLIB C_2.1) [1]	tcsetpgrp(GLI BC_2.0) [1]
------------------------------	--------------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------------

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[2]. this specification

11.2.14 System Database Interface

11.2.14.1 Interfaces for System Database Interface

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for System Database Interface specified in Table 11-19, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-19 libc - System Database Interface Function Interfaces

endgrent(GLI BC_2.0) [1]	getgrgid_r(G LIBC_2.1.2) [1]	getprotoent(G LIBC_2.0) [1]	getservent(GL IBC_2.0) [1]	setgroups(GL IBC_2.0) [2]
endprotoent(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getgrnam(GLI BC_2.0) [1]	getpwent(GLI BC_2.0) [1]	gettutent(GLIB C_2.0) [2]	setprotoent(G LIBC_2.0) [1]
endpwent(GL IBC_2.0) [1]	getgrnam_r(G LIBC_2.1.2) [1]	getpwnam(G LIBC_2.0) [1]	gettutent_r(GL IBC_2.0) [2]	setpwent(GLI BC_2.0) [1]
endservent(G LIBC_2.0) [1]	getgrouplist(GLIBC_2.2.4) [2]	getpwnam_r(GLIBC_2.1.2) [1]	gettutxent(GLI BC_2.1) [1]	setservent(GL IBC_2.0) [1]
endtutent(GLI BC_2.0) [3]	gethostbyadd r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getpwuid(GL IBC_2.0) [1]	gettutxid(GLI BC_2.1) [1]	settutent(GLIB C_2.0) [2]
endtutxent(GL IBC_2.1) [1]	gethostbynam e(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getpwuid_r(G LIBC_2.1.2) [1]	gettutxline(GL IBC_2.1) [1]	settutxent(GLI BC_2.1) [1]
getgrent(GLI BC_2.0) [1]	getprotobyname(GLIBC_2. 0) [1]	getservbyname(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pututxline(GL IBC_2.1) [1]	utmpname(G LIBC_2.0) [2]
getgrgid(GLI BC_2.0) [1]	getprotobynu mber(GLIBC_ 2.0) [1]	getservbyport (GLIBC_2.0) [1]	setgrent(GLIB C_2.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[2]. this specification

[3]. SUSv2

11.2.15 Language Support

11.2.15.1 Interfaces for Language Support

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Language Support specified in Table 11-20, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-20 libc - Language Support Function Interfaces

__libc_start_main(GLIBC_2.0) [1]				
----------------------------------	--	--	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

11.2.16 Large File Support

11.2.16.1 Interfaces for Large File Support

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Large File Support specified in Table 11-21, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-21 libc - Large File Support Function Interfaces

__fxstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	fopen64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ftello64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	mkstemp64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	tmpfile64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__lxstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	freopen64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ftruncate64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	mmap64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	truncate64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__xstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	fseeko64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ftw64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	nftw64(GLIBC_2.3.3) [2]	
creat64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fsetpos64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	getrlimit64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	readdir64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	
fgetpos64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	fstatvfs64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lockf64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	statvfs64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. Large File Support

11.2.17 Standard Library

11.2.17.1 Interfaces for Standard Library

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Standard Library specified in Table 11-22, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-22 libc - Standard Library Function Interfaces

_Exit(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	dirname(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	gettimeofday(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	lrand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	srand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
----------------------	------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------	------------------------

2.1.1) [1]	BC_2.0) [1]	GLIBC_2.0) [1]	C_2.0) [1]	_2.0) [1]
__assert_fail(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	div(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	glob(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	lsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	srand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__cxa_atexit(GLIBC_2.1.3) [2]	drand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	glob64(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	makecontext(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	srandom(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__errno_location(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ecvt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	globfree(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	malloc(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strtod(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__fpending(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	erand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	globfree64(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	memmem(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	strtol(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__getpagesize(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	err(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	grantpt(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	mkstemp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	strtoul(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__isinf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	error(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	hcreate(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mktemp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	swapcontext(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
__isinff(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	errx(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	hdestroy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	mrnd48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	syslog(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__isinfl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fcvt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	hsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	nftw(GLIBC_2.3.3) [1]	system(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__isnan(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fmtmsg(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	htonl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	nrnd48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tdelete(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__isnanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fnmatch(GLIBC_2.2.3) [1]	htons(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ntohl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tfind(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
__isnans(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fpathconf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	imaxabs(GLIBC_2.1.1) [1]	ntohs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tmpfile(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
__sysconf(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	free(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	imaxdiv(GLIBC_2.1.1) [1]	openlog(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tmpnam(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
_exit(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	freeaddrinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	inet_addr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	perror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	tsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
_longjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ftrylockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	inet_ntoa(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	posix_memalign(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	ttynname(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
_setjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ftw(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	inet_ntop(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	posix_openpt(GLIBC_2.2.1) [1]	ttynname_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
a64l(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	funlockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	inet_pton(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ptsname(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	twalk(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
abort(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	gai_strerror(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	initstate(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	putenv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	unlockpt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]

2.0) [1]	LIBC_2.1) [1]	C_2.0) [1]	C_2.0) [1]	BC_2.1) [1]
abs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	gcvt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	insque(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	qsort(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	unsetenv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
atof(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getaddrinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	isatty(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	rand(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	usleep(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
atoi(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getcwd(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	isblank(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	rand_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	verrx(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
atol(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getdate(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	jrand48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	random(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	vfscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
atoll(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getenv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	l64a(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	realloc(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	vscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
basename(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getlogin(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	labs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	realpath(GLIBC_2.3) [1]	vsscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
bsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getlogin_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	lcong48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	remque(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	vsyslog(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
calloc(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getnameinfo(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ldiv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	seed48(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	warn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
closelog(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getopt(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lfind(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	setenv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	warnx(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
confstr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	getopt_long(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	llabs(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	sethostname(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	wordexp(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
cuserid(GLIBC_2.0) [3]	getopt_long_only(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lldiv(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	setlogmask(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	wordfree(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
daemon(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	getsubopt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	longjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	setstate(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[2]. this specification

[3]. SUSv2

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Standard Library specified in Table 11-23, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-23 libc - Standard Library Data Interfaces

__environ(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	_sys_errlist(GLIBC_2.3) [1]	getdate_err(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	opterr(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	optopt(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__environ(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	environ(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	optarg(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	optind(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.3 Data Definitions for libc

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libc. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content.

These definitions are intended to supplement those provided in the referenced underlying specifications.

This specification uses ISO/IEC 9899 C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

11.3.1 errno.h

```
#define EDEADLOCK          EDEADLK
```

11.3.2 fcntl.h

```
#define F_GETLK64          12
#define F_SETLK64          13
#define F_SETLKW64         14
```

11.3.3 inttypes.h

```
typedef long long int intmax_t;
typedef unsigned int uintptr_t;
typedef unsigned long long int uintmax_t;
typedef unsigned long long int uint64_t;
```

11.3.4 limits.h

```
#define LONG_MAX           0x7FFFFFFFL
#define ULONG_MAX          0xFFFFFFFFFUL

#define CHAR_MAX           SCHAR_MAX
#define CHAR_MIN           SCHAR_MIN

#define PTHREAD_STACK_MIN  16384
```

11.3.5 setjmp.h

```
typedef int __jmp_buf[6];
```

11.3.6 signal.h

```
#define SIGEV_PAD_SIZE    ((SIGEV_MAX_SIZE/sizeof(int))-3)
```

```

#define SI_PAD_SIZE      ((SI_MAX_SIZE/sizeof(int))-3)

struct sigaction
{
    union
    {
        sighandler_t _sa_handler;
        void (*_sa_sigaction) (int, siginfo_t *, void *);
    }
    __sigaction_handler;
    sigset_t sa_mask;
    unsigned long int sa_flags;
    void (*sa_restorer) (void);
};
;

#define MINSIGSTKSZ      2048
#define SIGSTKSZ         8192

struct _fpreg
{
    unsigned short significand[4];
    unsigned short exponent;
};
;

struct _fpxreg
{
    unsigned short significand[4];
    unsigned short exponent;
    unsigned short padding[3];
};
;

struct _xmmreg
{
    unsigned long int element[4];
};
;

struct _fpstate
{
    unsigned long int cw;
    unsigned long int sw;
    unsigned long int tag;
    unsigned long int ipoff;
    unsigned long int cssel;
    unsigned long int dataoff;
    unsigned long int datasel;
    struct _fpreg _st[8];
    unsigned short status;
    unsigned short magic;
    unsigned long int _fxsr_env[6];
    unsigned long int mxcsr;
    unsigned long int reserved;
    struct _fpxreg _fxsr_st[8];
    struct _xmmreg _xmm[8];
    unsigned long int padding[56];
};
;

struct sigcontext
{
    unsigned short gs;
    unsigned short __gsh;
    unsigned short fs;
};

```

```

unsigned short __fsh;
unsigned short es;
unsigned short __esh;
unsigned short ds;
unsigned short __dsh;
unsigned long int edi;
unsigned long int esi;
unsigned long int ebp;
unsigned long int esp;
unsigned long int ebx;
unsigned long int edx;
unsigned long int ecx;
unsigned long int eax;
unsigned long int trapno;
unsigned long int err;
unsigned long int eip;
unsigned short cs;
unsigned short __csh;
unsigned long int eflags;
unsigned long int esp_at_signal;
unsigned short ss;
unsigned short __ssh;
struct _fpstate *fpstate;
unsigned long int oldmask;
unsigned long int cr2;
}
;

```

11.3.7 stddef.h

```

typedef unsigned int size_t;
typedef int ptrdiff_t;

```

11.3.8 stdio.h

```

#define __IO_FILE_SIZE 148

```

11.3.9 sys/ioctl.h

```

#define TIOCGWINSZ 0x5413
#define FIONREAD 0x541B
#define TIOCNOTTY 0x5422

```

11.3.10 sys/ipc.h

```

struct ipc_perm
{
    key_t __key;
    uid_t uid;
    gid_t gid;
    uid_t cuid;
    gid_t cgid;
    unsigned short mode;
    unsigned short __pad1;
    unsigned short __seq;
    unsigned short __pad2;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
}

```


;

11.3.11 sys/mman.h

```
#define MCL_CURRENT    1
#define MCL_FUTURE    2
```

11.3.12 sys/msg.h

```
typedef unsigned long int msgqnum_t;
typedef unsigned long int msglen_t;
```

```
struct msqid_ds
{
    struct ipc_perm msg_perm;
    time_t msg_stime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t msg_rtime;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
    time_t msg_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    unsigned long int __msg_cbytes;
    msgqnum_t msg_qnum;
    msglen_t msg_qbytes;
    pid_t msg_lspid;
    pid_t msg_lrpid;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
};
```

11.3.13 sys/sem.h

```
struct semid_ds
{
    struct ipc_perm sem_perm;
    time_t sem_otime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t sem_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
    unsigned long int sem_nsems;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
};
```

11.3.14 sys/shm.h

```
#define SHMLBA    (__getpagesize())

typedef unsigned long int shmatt_t;

struct shmid_ds
{
    struct ipc_perm shm_perm;
    int shm_segsz;
    time_t shm_atime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t shm_dtime;
```

```

    unsigned long int __unused2;
    time_t shm_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    pid_t shm_cpuid;
    pid_t shm_lpid;
    shmatt_t shm_nattch;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
}
;

```

11.3.15 sys/socket.h

```

typedef uint32_t __ss_aligntype;

#define SO_RCVLOWAT 18
#define SO_SNDLOWAT 19
#define SO_RCVTIMEO 20
#define SO_SNDTIMEO 21

```

11.3.16 sys/stat.h

```

#define _STAT_VER 3

struct stat
{
    dev_t st_dev;
    unsigned short __pad1;
    unsigned long int st_ino;
    mode_t st_mode;
    nlink_t st_nlink;
    pid_t st_uid;
    gid_t st_gid;
    dev_t st_rdev;
    unsigned short __pad2;
    off_t st_size;
    blksize_t st_blksize;
    blkcnt_t st_blocks;
    struct timespec st_atim;
    struct timespec st_mtim;
    struct timespec st_ctim;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
}
;

struct stat64
{
    dev_t st_dev;
    unsigned int __pad1;
    ino_t __st_ino;
    mode_t st_mode;
    nlink_t st_nlink;
    uid_t st_uid;
    gid_t st_gid;
    dev_t st_rdev;
    unsigned int __pad2;
    off64_t st_size;
    blksize_t st_blksize;
    blkcnt64_t st_blocks;
    struct timespec st_atim;
    struct timespec st_mtim;
    struct timespec st_ctim;
}
;

```

```

    ino64_t st_ino;
}
;

```

11.3.17 sys/statvfs.h

```

struct statvfs
{
    unsigned long int f_bsize;
    unsigned long int f_frsize;
    fsblkcnt_t f_blocks;
    fsblkcnt_t f_bfree;
    fsblkcnt_t f_bavail;
    fsfilcnt_t f_files;
    fsfilcnt_t f_ffree;
    fsfilcnt_t f_favail;
    unsigned long int f_fsid;
    int __f_unused;
    unsigned long int f_flag;
    unsigned long int f_namemax;
    int __f_spare[6];
}
;

struct statvfs64
{
    unsigned long int f_bsize;
    unsigned long int f_frsize;
    fsblkcnt64_t f_blocks;
    fsblkcnt64_t f_bfree;
    fsblkcnt64_t f_bavail;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_files;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_ffree;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_favail;
    unsigned long int f_fsid;
    int __f_unused;
    unsigned long int f_flag;
    unsigned long int f_namemax;
    int __f_spare[6];
}
;

```

11.3.18 sys/types.h

```

typedef long long int int64_t;

typedef int32_t ssize_t;

#define __FDSET_LONGS 32

```

11.3.19 termios.h

```

#define OLCUC 0000002
#define ONLCR 0000004
#define XCASE 0000004
#define NLDLY 0000400
#define CR1 0001000
#define IUCLC 0001000
#define CR2 0002000
#define CR3 0003000
#define CRDLY 0003000

```

```

#define TAB1      0004000
#define TAB2      0010000
#define TAB3      0014000
#define TABDLY    0014000
#define BS1       0020000
#define BSDLY     0020000
#define VT1       0040000
#define VTDLY     0040000
#define FF1       0100000
#define FFDLY     0100000

#define VSUSP     10
#define VEOL      11
#define VREPRINT      12
#define VDISCARD     13
#define VWERASE     14
#define VEOL2       16
#define VMIN         6
#define VSWTC       7
#define VSTART      8
#define VSTOP       9

#define IXON        0002000
#define IXOFF       0010000

#define CS6         0000020
#define CS7         0000040
#define CS8         0000060
#define CSIZE       0000060
#define CSTOPB     0000100
#define CREAD      0000200
#define PARENB     0000400
#define PARODD     0001000
#define HUPCL      0002000
#define CLOCAL     0004000
#define VTIME      5

#define ISIG        0000001
#define ICANON      0000002
#define ECHOE       0000020
#define ECHOK       0000040
#define ECHONL     0000100
#define NOFLSH     0000200
#define TOSTOP     0000400
#define ECHOCTL    0001000
#define ECHOPRT    0002000
#define ECHOKE     0004000
#define FLUSHO     0010000
#define PENDIN     0040000
#define IEXTEN     0100000

```

11.3.20 ucontext.h

```

typedef int greg_t;
#define NGREG      19

typedef greg_t gregset_t[19];

struct _libc_fpreg
{
    unsigned short significand[4];
    unsigned short exponent;
}

```

```

;

struct _libc_fpstate
{
    unsigned long int cw;
    unsigned long int sw;
    unsigned long int tag;
    unsigned long int ipoff;
    unsigned long int cssel;
    unsigned long int dataoff;
    unsigned long int datasel;
    struct _libc_fpreg_st[8];
    unsigned long int status;
}
;
typedef struct _libc_fpstate *fpregset_t;

typedef struct
{
    gregset_t gregs;
    fpregset_t fpregs;
    unsigned long int oldmask;
    unsigned long int cr2;
}
mcontext_t;

typedef struct ucontext
{
    unsigned long int uc_flags;
    struct ucontext *uc_link;
    stack_t uc_stack;
    mcontext_t uc_mcontext;
    sigset_t uc_sigmask;
    struct _libc_fpstate __fpregs_mem;
}
ucontext_t;

```

11.3.21 unistd.h

```
typedef int intptr_t;
```

11.3.22 utmp.h

```

struct lastlog
{
    time_t ll_time;
    char ll_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ll_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
}
;

struct utmp
{
    short ut_type;
    pid_t ut_pid;
    char ut_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ut_id[4];
    char ut_user[UT_NAMESIZE];
    char ut_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
    struct exit_status ut_exit;
    long int ut_session;
    struct timeval ut_tv;
}

```

```

    int32_t ut_addr_v6[4];
    char __unused[20];
};

```

11.3.23 utmpx.h

```

struct utmpx
{
    short ut_type;
    pid_t ut_pid;
    char ut_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ut_id[4];
    char ut_user[UT_NAMESIZE];
    char ut_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
    struct exit_status ut_exit;
    long int ut_session;
    struct timeval ut_tv;
    int32_t ut_addr_v6[4];
    char __unused[20];
};

```

11.4 Interfaces for libm

Table 11-24 defines the library name and shared object name for the libm library

Table 11-24 libm Definition

Library:	libm
SONAME:	libm.so.6

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

- ISO C (1999)
- this specification
- SUSv2
- ISO POSIX (2003)

11.4.1 Math

11.4.1.1 Interfaces for Math

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Math specified in Table 11-25, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-25 libm - Math Function Interfaces

__finite(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ccoshl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	exp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j1l(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	powl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__finitef(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ccosl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	exp2(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	jnl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	remainder(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__finitel(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ceil(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	exp2f(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	jnf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	remainderf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

__fpclassify(GLIBC_2.1) [3]	ceilf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	exp2l(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	jnl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	remainderl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__fpclassifyf(GLIBC_2.1) [3]	ceil(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	expf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ldexp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	remquo(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__fpclassifyl(GLIBC_2.1) [3]	cexp(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	expl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ldexpf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	remquof(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__signbit(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	cexpf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	expm1(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ldexpl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	remquol(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
__signbitf(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	cexpl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	expm1f(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lgamma(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	rint(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
__signbitl(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	cimag(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	expm1l(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lgamma_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	rintf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
acos(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cimagf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fabs(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lgammaf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	rintl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
acosf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cimagl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fabsf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lgammaf_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	round(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
acosh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clog(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fabsl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	lgammal(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	roundf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
acoshf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clog10(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	fdim(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lgammal_r(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	roundl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
acoshl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clog10f(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	fdimf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	llrint(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalb(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
acosl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clog10l(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	fdiml(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	llrintf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalbf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
asin(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clogf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	feclearexcept(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	llrintl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalbl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
asinf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	clogl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fegetenv(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	llround(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalbln(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
asinh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	conj(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fegetexceptflag(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	llroundf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalblnf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
asinhf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	conjf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fegetround(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	llroundl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	scalblnl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
asinhl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	conjl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	feholdexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	log(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	scalbn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
asinl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	copysign(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	feraiseexcept(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	log10(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	scalbnf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

atan(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	copysignf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fesetenv(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	log10f(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	scalbnl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
atan2(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	copysignl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fesetexceptflag(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	log10l(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	significand(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
atan2f(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cos(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fesetround(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	log1p(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	significandf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
atan2l(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cosf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	fetestexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	log1pf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	significandl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
atanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cosh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	feupdateenv(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	log1pl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sin(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
atanh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	coshf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	finite(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	log2(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sincos(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
atanhf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	coshl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	finitef(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	log2f(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sincosf(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
atanhl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cosl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	finitel(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	log2l(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sincosl(GLIBC_2.1) [1]
atanl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	cpow(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	floor(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	logb(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sinf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cabs(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	cpowf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	floorf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	logbf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sinh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cabsf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	cpowl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	floorl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	logbl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sinhf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cabsl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	cproj(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fma(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	logf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sinhl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacos(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	cprojf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmaf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	logl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sinl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacosf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	cprojl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmal(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lrint(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sqrt(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacosh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	creal(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmax(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lrintf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sqrtf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacoshf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	crealf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmaxf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lrintl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sqrtl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacoshl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	creall(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmaxl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lround(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tan(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cacosl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csin(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmin(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lroundf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tanf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
carg(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csinf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fminf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	lroundl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tanh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cargf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csinh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fminl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	matherr(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tanhf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

2.1) [2]	2.1) [2]	2.1) [2]	C_2.0) [1]	2.0) [2]
cargl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csinhf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmod(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	modf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tanh(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
casin(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csinhl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmodf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	modff(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tanl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
casinf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csinl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	fmodl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	modfl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	tgammac(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
casinh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csqrt(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	frexp(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nan(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tgammaf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
casinhf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csqrtf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	frexpf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nanf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	tgammalf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
casinhl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	csqrtl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	frexpl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nanl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	trunc(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
casinl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctan(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	gamma(GLIBC_2.0) [4]	nearbyint(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	truncf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
catan(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctanf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	gammac(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	nearbyintf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	truncf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
catanf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctanh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	gammalf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	nearbyintl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	y0(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
catanh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctanhf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	hypot(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nextafter(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	y0f(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
catanhf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctanhl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	hypotf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nextafterf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	y0l(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
catanhl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	ctanl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	hypotl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nextafterl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	y1(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
catanl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	dremf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ilogb(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nexttoward(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	y1f(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
cbrt(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dreml(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	ilogbf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nexttowardf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	y1l(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
cbrtf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	erf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ilogbl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	nexttowardl(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	yn(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
cbrtl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	erfc(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j0(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pow(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	ynf(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
ccos(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	erfcf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j0f(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pow10(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	ynl(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
ccosf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	erfcl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j0l(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pow10f(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	
ccosh(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	erff(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j1(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pow10l(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	

ccoshf(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	erfl(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	j1f(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	powf(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	
-----------------------	---------------------	--------------------	---------------------	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO C (1999)

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

[3]. this specification

[4]. SUSv2

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Math specified in Table 11-26, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-26 libm - Math Data Interfaces

signgam(GLIBC_2.0) [1]				
------------------------	--	--	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.5 Data Definitions for libm

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libm. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content.

These definitions are intended to supplement those provided in the referenced underlying specifications.

This specification uses ISO/IEC 9899 C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

11.5.1 fenv.h

```
#define FE_INVALID          0x01
#define FE_DIVBYZERO       0x04
#define FE_OVERFLOW        0x08
#define FE_UNDERFLOW       0x10
#define FE_INEXACT         0x20

#define FE_ALL_EXCEPT    (FE_INEXACT | FE_DIVBYZERO | FE_UNDERFLOW |
FE_OVERFLOW | FE_INVALID)

#define FE_TONEAREST       0
#define FE_DOWNWARD        0x400
#define FE_UPWARD          0x800
#define FE_TOWARDZERO      0xc00

typedef unsigned short fexcept_t;

typedef struct
{
```

```

unsigned short __control_word;
unsigned short __unused1;
unsigned short __status_word;
unsigned short __unused2;
unsigned short __tags;
unsigned short __unused3;
unsigned int __eip;
unsigned short __cs_selector;
unsigned int __opcode:11;
unsigned int __unused4:5;
unsigned int __data_offset;
unsigned short __data_selector;
unsigned short __unused5;
}
fenv_t;
#define FE_DFL_ENV      ((__const fenv_t *) -1)

```

11.5.2 math.h

```

#define fpclassify(x)      (sizeof (x) == sizeof (float) ?
__fpclassifyf (x) : sizeof (x) == sizeof (double) ? __fpclassify (x)
: __fpclassifyl (x))
#define signbit(x)        (sizeof (x) == sizeof (float)? __signbitf
(x): sizeof (x) == sizeof (double)? __signbit (x) : __signbitl (x))

#define FP_ILOGB0          (-2147483647 - 1)
#define FP_ILOGBNAN        (-2147483647 - 1)

```

11.6 Interface Definitions for libm

The following interfaces are included in libm and are defined by this specification. Unless otherwise noted, these interfaces shall be included in the source standard.

Other interfaces listed above for libm shall behave as described in the referenced base document.

11.7 Interfaces for libpthread

Table 11-27 defines the library name and shared object name for the libpthread library

Table 11-27 libpthread Definition

Library:	libpthread
SONAME:	libpthread.so.0

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

- Large File Support
- this specification
- ISO POSIX (2003)

11.7.1 Realtime Threads

11.7.1.1 Interfaces for Realtime Threads

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Realtime Threads specified in Table 11-28, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-28 libpthread - Realtime Threads Function Interfaces

pthread_attr_getinheritsched(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_attr_getscope(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_attr_setschedpolicy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_getschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	
pthread_attr_setschedpolicy(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_attr_setinheritsched(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_attr_setscope(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_setschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.7.2 Advanced Realtime Threads

11.7.2.1 Interfaces for Advanced Realtime Threads

No external functions are defined for libpthread - Advanced Realtime Threads

11.7.3 Posix Threads

11.7.3.1 Interfaces for Posix Threads

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Posix Threads specified in Table 11-29, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-29 libpthread - Posix Threads Function Interfaces

_pthread_cleanup_pop(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_cancel(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_getspecific(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_once(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_setcanceltype(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
_pthread_cleanup_push(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	pthread_cond_broadcast(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_join(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_destroy(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_setconcurrency(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_cond_destroy(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_key_create(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_init(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_setspecific(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
pthread_attr_getdetachstate(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_cond_init(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_key_delete(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_rdlock(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_sigmask(GLIBC_2.0) [2]

pthread_attr_getguardsize(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_cond_signal(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_kill(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_timedrdlock(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_testcancel(GLIBC_2.0) [2]
pthread_attr_getschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_cond_timedwait(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_mutex_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_timedwrlock(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	sem_close(GLIBC_2.1.1) [2]
pthread_attr_getstack(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_cond_wait(GLIBC_2.3.2) [2]	pthread_mutex_init(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_tryrdlock(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_destroy(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_getstackaddr(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_cond_attr_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_mutex_lock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_trywrlock(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_getvalue(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_getstacksize(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_cond_attr_getpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_mutex_trylock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_unlock(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_init(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_init(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_cond_attr_init(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_mutex_unlock(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlock_wrlock(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_open(GLIBC_2.1.1) [2]
pthread_attr_setdetachstate(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_cond_attr_setpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlockattr_destroy(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_post(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_setguardsize(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_create(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_getpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_rwlockattr_getpshared(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_timedwait(GLIBC_2.2) [2]
pthread_attr_setschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_detach(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_gettype(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_rwlockattr_init(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_trywait(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_setstack(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_equal(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_init(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_rwlockattr_setpshared(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	sem_unlink(GLIBC_2.1.1) [2]
pthread_attr_setstackaddr(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_exit(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_setpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pthread_self(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	sem_wait(GLIBC_2.1) [2]
pthread_attr_setstacksize(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_getconcurrency(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_mutexattr_settype(GLIBC_2.1) [2]	pthread_setcancelstate(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	

		[2]		
--	--	-----	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.7.4 Thread aware versions of libc interfaces

11.7.4.1 Interfaces for Thread aware versions of libc interfaces

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Thread aware versions of libc interfaces specified in Table 11-30, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-30 libpthread - Thread aware versions of libc interfaces Function Interfaces

lseek64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	pread(GLIBC_2.2) [2]	pwrite(GLIBC_2.2) [2]		
open64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	pread64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]	pwrite64(GLIBC_2.2) [1]		

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. Large File Support

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.8 Interfaces for libgcc_s

Table 11-31 defines the library name and shared object name for the libgcc_s library

Table 11-31 libgcc_s Definition

Library:	libgcc_s
SONAME:	libgcc_s.so.1

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

this specification

11.8.1 Unwind Library

11.8.1.1 Interfaces for Unwind Library

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Unwind Library specified in Table 11-32, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-32 libgcc_s - Unwind Library Function Interfaces

_Unwind_Backtrace(GCC_3)	_Unwind_ForkedUnwind(G)	_Unwind_GetIP(GCC_3.0)	_Unwind_RaiseException(_Unwind_SetIP(GCC_3.0)
--------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------

.3) [1]	CC_3.0) [1]	[1]	GCC_3.0) [1]	[1]
_Unwind_DeleteException(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_GetCFA(GCC_3.3) [1]	_Unwind_GetLanguageSpecificData(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_Resume(GCC_3.0) [1]	
_Unwind_FindEnclosingFunction(GCC_3.3) [1]	_Unwind_GetDataRelBase(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_GetRegionStart(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_Rethrow(GCC_3.3) [1]	
_Unwind_FindFDE(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_GetGR(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_GetTextRelBase(GCC_3.0) [1]	_Unwind_SetGR(GCC_3.0) [1]	

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

11.9 Interface Definitions for libgcc_s

The following interfaces are included in libgcc_s and are defined by this specification. Unless otherwise noted, these interfaces shall be included in the source standard.

Other interfaces listed above for libgcc_s shall behave as described in the referenced base document.

11.10 Interfaces for libdl

Table 11-33 defines the library name and shared object name for the libdl library

Table 11-33 libdl Definition

Library:	libdl
SONAME:	libdl.so.2

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

this specification
ISO POSIX (2003)

11.10.1 Dynamic Loader

11.10.1.1 Interfaces for Dynamic Loader

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Dynamic Loader specified in Table 11-34, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-34 libdl - Dynamic Loader Function Interfaces

dladdr(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	dlclose(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dLError(GLIBC_2.0) [2]	dlopen(GLIBC_2.1) [1]	dlsym(GLIBC_2.0) [1]
-----------------------	------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------	----------------------

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

[2]. ISO POSIX (2003)

11.11 Interfaces for libcrypt

Table 11-35 defines the library name and shared object name for the libcrypt library

Table 11-35 libcrypt Definition

Library:	libcrypt
SONAME:	libcrypt.so.1

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

ISO POSIX (2003)

11.11.1 Encryption

11.11.1.1 Interfaces for Encryption

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Encryption specified in Table 11-36, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-36 libcrypt - Encryption Function Interfaces

crypt(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	encrypt(GLIBC_C_2.0) [1]	setkey(GLIBC_2.0) [1]		
----------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------	--	--

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. ISO POSIX (2003)

12 Libraries

An LSB-conforming implementation shall also support some utility libraries which are built on top of the interfaces provided by the base libraries. These libraries implement common functionality, and hide additional system dependent information such as file formats and device names.

12.1 Interfaces for libz

Table 12-1 defines the library name and shared object name for the libz library

Table 12-1 libz Definition

Library:	libz
SONAME:	libz.so.1

12.1.1 Compression Library

12.1.1.1 Interfaces for Compression Library

No external functions are defined for libz - Compression Library

12.2 Interfaces for libncurses

Table 12-2 defines the library name and shared object name for the libncurses library

Table 12-2 libncurses Definition

Library:	libncurses
SONAME:	libncurses.so.5

12.2.1 Curses

12.2.1.1 Interfaces for Curses

No external functions are defined for libncurses - Curses

12.3 Interfaces for libutil

Table 12-3 defines the library name and shared object name for the libutil library

Table 12-3 libutil Definition

Library:	libutil
SONAME:	libutil.so.1

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

this specification

12.3.1 Utility Functions

12.3.1.1 Interfaces for Utility Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Utility Functions specified in Table 12-4, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 12-4 libutil - Utility Functions Function Interfaces

forkpty(GLIB C_2.0) [1]	login_tty(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	logwtmp(GLIBC_2.0) [1]		
login(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	logout(GLIBC_2.0) [1]	openpty(GLIBC_2.0) [1]		

Referenced Specification(s)

[1]. this specification

13 Software Installation

13.1 Package Dependencies

The LSB runtime environment shall provide the following dependencies.

`lsb-core-ia32`

This dependency is used to indicate that the application is dependent on features contained in the LSB-Core specification.

These dependencies shall have a version of 3.0.

Other LSB modules may add additional dependencies; such dependencies shall have the format `lsb-module-ia32`.

13.2 Package Architecture Considerations

All packages must specify an architecture of `i486`. A LSB runtime environment must accept an architecture of `i486` even if the native architecture is different.

The `archnum` value in the Lead Section shall be `0x0001`.

Annex A Alphabetical Listing of Interfaces

A.1 libgcc_s

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following Standards.
this specification

Table A-1 libgcc_s Function Interfaces

_Unwind_Backtrace[1]	_Unwind_GetDataRelBase[1]	_Unwind_RaiseException[1]
_Unwind_DeleteException[1]	_Unwind_GetGR[1]	_Unwind_Resume[1]
_Unwind_FindEnclosingFunction[1]	_Unwind_GetIP[1]	_Unwind_Resume_or_Rethrow[1]
_Unwind_Find_FDE[1]	_Unwind_GetLanguageSpecificData[1]	_Unwind_SetGR[1]
_Unwind_ForcedUnwind[1]	_Unwind_GetRegionStart[1]	_Unwind_SetIP[1]
_Unwind_GetCFA[1]	_Unwind_GetTextRelBase[1]	

A.2 libm

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following Standards.
ISO C (1999)
this specification
ISO POSIX (2003)

Table A-2 libm Function Interfaces

__fpclassify[1]	__signbit[1]	exp2l[1]
-----------------	--------------	----------

Annex B GNU Free Documentation License

Version 1.1, March 2000

Copyright (C) 2000 Free Software Foundation, Inc. 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

B.1 PREAMBLE

The purpose of this License is to make a manual, textbook, or other written document "free" in the sense of freedom: to assure everyone the effective freedom to copy and redistribute it, with or without modifying it, either commercially or noncommercially. Secondly, this License preserves for the author and publisher a way to get credit for their work, while not being considered responsible for modifications made by others.

This License is a kind of "copyleft", which means that derivative works of the document must themselves be free in the same sense. It complements the GNU General Public License, which is a copyleft license designed for free software.

We have designed this License in order to use it for manuals for free software, because free software needs free documentation: a free program should come with manuals providing the same freedoms that the software does. But this License is not limited to software manuals; it can be used for any textual work, regardless of subject matter or whether it is published as a printed book. We recommend this License principally for works whose purpose is instruction or reference.

B.2 APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS

This License applies to any manual or other work that contains a notice placed by the copyright holder saying it can be distributed under the terms of this License. The "Document", below, refers to any such manual or work. Any member of the public is a licensee, and is addressed as "you".

A "Modified Version" of the Document means any work containing the Document or a portion of it, either copied verbatim, or with modifications and/or translated into another language.

A "Secondary Section" is a named appendix or a front-matter section of the Document that deals exclusively with the relationship of the publishers or authors of the Document to the Document's overall subject (or to related matters) and contains nothing that could fall directly within that overall subject. (For example, if the Document is in part a textbook of mathematics, a Secondary Section may not explain any mathematics.) The relationship could be a matter of historical connection with the subject or with related matters, or of legal, commercial, philosophical, ethical or political position regarding them.

The "Invariant Sections" are certain Secondary Sections whose titles are designated, as being those of Invariant Sections, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

The "Cover Texts" are certain short passages of text that are listed, as Front-Cover Texts or Back-Cover Texts, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

A "Transparent" copy of the Document means a machine-readable copy, represented in a format whose specification is available to the general public, whose

contents can be viewed and edited directly and straightforwardly with generic text editors or (for images composed of pixels) generic paint programs or (for drawings) some widely available drawing editor, and that is suitable for input to text formatters or for automatic translation to a variety of formats suitable for input to text formatters. A copy made in an otherwise Transparent file format whose markup has been designed to thwart or discourage subsequent modification by readers is not Transparent. A copy that is not "Transparent" is called "Opaque".

Examples of suitable formats for Transparent copies include plain ASCII without markup, Texinfo input format, LaTeX input format, SGML or XML using a publicly available DTD, and standard-conforming simple HTML designed for human modification. Opaque formats include PostScript, PDF, proprietary formats that can be read and edited only by proprietary word processors, SGML or XML for which the DTD and/or processing tools are not generally available, and the machine-generated HTML produced by some word processors for output purposes only.

The "Title Page" means, for a printed book, the title page itself, plus such following pages as are needed to hold, legibly, the material this License requires to appear in the title page. For works in formats which do not have any title page as such, "Title Page" means the text near the most prominent appearance of the work's title, preceding the beginning of the body of the text.

B.3 VERBATIM COPYING

You may copy and distribute the Document in any medium, either commercially or noncommercially, provided that this License, the copyright notices, and the license notice saying this License applies to the Document are reproduced in all copies, and that you add no other conditions whatsoever to those of this License. You may not use technical measures to obstruct or control the reading or further copying of the copies you make or distribute. However, you may accept compensation in exchange for copies. If you distribute a large enough number of copies you must also follow the conditions in section 3.

You may also lend copies, under the same conditions stated above, and you may publicly display copies.

B.4 COPYING IN QUANTITY

If you publish printed copies of the Document numbering more than 100, and the Document's license notice requires Cover Texts, you must enclose the copies in covers that carry, clearly and legibly, all these Cover Texts: Front-Cover Texts on the front cover, and Back-Cover Texts on the back cover. Both covers must also clearly and legibly identify you as the publisher of these copies. The front cover must present the full title with all words of the title equally prominent and visible. You may add other material on the covers in addition. Copying with changes limited to the covers, as long as they preserve the title of the Document and satisfy these conditions, can be treated as verbatim copying in other respects.

If the required texts for either cover are too voluminous to fit legibly, you should put the first ones listed (as many as fit reasonably) on the actual cover, and continue the rest onto adjacent pages.

If you publish or distribute Opaque copies of the Document numbering more than 100, you must either include a machine-readable Transparent copy along with each Opaque copy, or state in or with each Opaque copy a publicly-accessible computer-network location containing a complete Transparent copy of the Document, free of added material, which the general network-using public has access to download

anonymously at no charge using public-standard network protocols. If you use the latter option, you must take reasonably prudent steps, when you begin distribution of Opaque copies in quantity, to ensure that this Transparent copy will remain thus accessible at the stated location until at least one year after the last time you distribute an Opaque copy (directly or through your agents or retailers) of that edition to the public.

It is requested, but not required, that you contact the authors of the Document well before redistributing any large number of copies, to give them a chance to provide you with an updated version of the Document.

B.5 MODIFICATIONS

You may copy and distribute a Modified Version of the Document under the conditions of sections 2 and 3 above, provided that you release the Modified Version under precisely this License, with the Modified Version filling the role of the Document, thus licensing distribution and modification of the Modified Version to whoever possesses a copy of it. In addition, you must do these things in the Modified Version:

- A. Use in the Title Page (and on the covers, if any) a title distinct from that of the Document, and from those of previous versions (which should, if there were any, be listed in the History section of the Document). You may use the same title as a previous version if the original publisher of that version gives permission.
- B. List on the Title Page, as authors, one or more persons or entities responsible for authorship of the modifications in the Modified Version, together with at least five of the principal authors of the Document (all of its principal authors, if it has less than five).
- C. State on the Title page the name of the publisher of the Modified Version, as the publisher.
- D. Preserve all the copyright notices of the Document.
- E. Add an appropriate copyright notice for your modifications adjacent to the other copyright notices.
- F. Include, immediately after the copyright notices, a license notice giving the public permission to use the Modified Version under the terms of this License, in the form shown in the Addendum below.
- G. Preserve in that license notice the full lists of Invariant Sections and required Cover Texts given in the Document's license notice.
- H. Include an unaltered copy of this License.
- I. Preserve the section entitled "History", and its title, and add to it an item stating at least the title, year, new authors, and publisher of the Modified Version as given on the Title Page. If there is no section entitled "History" in the Document, create one stating the title, year, authors, and publisher of the Document as given on its Title Page, then add an item describing the Modified Version as stated in the previous sentence.
- J. Preserve the network location, if any, given in the Document for public access to a Transparent copy of the Document, and likewise the network locations given in the Document for previous versions it was based on. These may be placed in the "History" section. You may omit a network location for a work

that was published at least four years before the Document itself, or if the original publisher of the version it refers to gives permission.

- K. In any section entitled "Acknowledgements" or "Dedications", preserve the section's title, and preserve in the section all the substance and tone of each of the contributor acknowledgements and/or dedications given therein.
- L. Preserve all the Invariant Sections of the Document, unaltered in their text and in their titles. Section numbers or the equivalent are not considered part of the section titles.
- M. Delete any section entitled "Endorsements". Such a section may not be included in the Modified Version.
- N. Do not retitle any existing section as "Endorsements" or to conflict in title with any Invariant Section.

If the Modified Version includes new front-matter sections or appendices that qualify as Secondary Sections and contain no material copied from the Document, you may at your option designate some or all of these sections as invariant. To do this, add their titles to the list of Invariant Sections in the Modified Version's license notice. These titles must be distinct from any other section titles.

You may add a section entitled "Endorsements", provided it contains nothing but endorsements of your Modified Version by various parties--for example, statements of peer review or that the text has been approved by an organization as the authoritative definition of a standard.

You may add a passage of up to five words as a Front-Cover Text, and a passage of up to 25 words as a Back-Cover Text, to the end of the list of Cover Texts in the Modified Version. Only one passage of Front-Cover Text and one of Back-Cover Text may be added by (or through arrangements made by) any one entity. If the Document already includes a cover text for the same cover, previously added by you or by arrangement made by the same entity you are acting on behalf of, you may not add another; but you may replace the old one, on explicit permission from the previous publisher that added the old one.

The author(s) and publisher(s) of the Document do not by this License give permission to use their names for publicity for or to assert or imply endorsement of any Modified Version.

B.6 COMBINING DOCUMENTS

You may combine the Document with other documents released under this License, under the terms defined in section 4 above for modified versions, provided that you include in the combination all of the Invariant Sections of all of the original documents, unmodified, and list them all as Invariant Sections of your combined work in its license notice.

The combined work need only contain one copy of this License, and multiple identical Invariant Sections may be replaced with a single copy. If there are multiple Invariant Sections with the same name but different contents, make the title of each such section unique by adding at the end of it, in parentheses, the name of the original author or publisher of that section if known, or else a unique number. Make the same adjustment to the section titles in the list of Invariant Sections in the license notice of the combined work.

In the combination, you must combine any sections entitled "History" in the various original documents, forming one section entitled "History"; likewise combine any

sections entitled "Acknowledgements", and any sections entitled "Dedications". You must delete all sections entitled "Endorsements."

B.7 COLLECTIONS OF DOCUMENTS

You may make a collection consisting of the Document and other documents released under this License, and replace the individual copies of this License in the various documents with a single copy that is included in the collection, provided that you follow the rules of this License for verbatim copying of each of the documents in all other respects.

You may extract a single document from such a collection, and distribute it individually under this License, provided you insert a copy of this License into the extracted document, and follow this License in all other respects regarding verbatim copying of that document.

B.8 AGGREGATION WITH INDEPENDENT WORKS

A compilation of the Document or its derivatives with other separate and independent documents or works, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, does not as a whole count as a Modified Version of the Document, provided no compilation copyright is claimed for the compilation. Such a compilation is called an "aggregate", and this License does not apply to the other self-contained works thus compiled with the Document, on account of their being thus compiled, if they are not themselves derivative works of the Document.

If the Cover Text requirement of section 3 is applicable to these copies of the Document, then if the Document is less than one quarter of the entire aggregate, the Document's Cover Texts may be placed on covers that surround only the Document within the aggregate. Otherwise they must appear on covers around the whole aggregate.

B.9 TRANSLATION

Translation is considered a kind of modification, so you may distribute translations of the Document under the terms of section 4. Replacing Invariant Sections with translations requires special permission from their copyright holders, but you may include translations of some or all Invariant Sections in addition to the original versions of these Invariant Sections. You may include a translation of this License provided that you also include the original English version of this License. In case of a disagreement between the translation and the original English version of this License, the original English version will prevail.

B.10 TERMINATION

You may not copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute the Document except as expressly provided for under this License. Any other attempt to copy, modify, sublicense or distribute the Document is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

B.11 FUTURE REVISIONS OF THIS LICENSE

The Free Software Foundation may publish new, revised versions of the GNU Free Documentation License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in

spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. See <http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/>.

Each version of the License is given a distinguishing version number. If the Document specifies that a particular numbered version of this License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that specified version or of any later version that has been published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation.

B.12 How to use this License for your documents

To use this License in a document you have written, include a copy of the License in the document and put the following copyright and license notices just after the title page:

Copyright (c) YEAR YOUR NAME. Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.1 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with the Invariant Sections being LIST THEIR TITLES, with the Front-Cover Texts being LIST, and with the Back-Cover Texts being LIST. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

If you have no Invariant Sections, write "with no Invariant Sections" instead of saying which ones are invariant. If you have no Front-Cover Texts, write "no Front-Cover Texts" instead of "Front-Cover Texts being LIST"; likewise for Back-Cover Texts.

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.